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Comrade Kim Il Sung, the respected and beloved Leader, poses for a photograph together with the government trade delegation of the People's Republic of China after receiving it

Comrade KIM IL SUNG, the Respected and Beloved Leader,

Receives Chinese Govt. Trade Delegation

The respected and beloved Leader, Comrade Kim Il Sung, General Secretary of the Central Committee of the Workers' Party of Korea and Premier of the Cabinet of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea, received on January 4 the government trade delegation of the People's Republic of China on a visit to our country.

Present on the occasion were the members of the delegation headed by Comrade Li Chiang, Vice-Minister of Foreign Trade of the PRC.

On hand there were Comrade Chong Jun Taek, Vice-Premier of the Cabinet; and Ho Dam, Minister of Foreign Affairs; Kye Ung Tae, Minister of Foreign Trade; and Pang Tae Ryul, Vice-Minister of Foreign Trade.

Li Yun-chuan, Ambassador of the People's Republic of China to our country, was present there.

The respected and beloved Leader, Comrade Kim Il Sung, had a friendly talk with the guests.

Comrade KIM IL SUNG, the Respected and Beloved Leader,

Sends Message of Greetings to the Fifth Conference of Afro-Asian People's Solidarity Organization

Premier Kim Il Sung, the respected and beloved Leader, sent a message of greetings to the Fifth Conference of the Afro-Asian People's Solidarity Organization.

The message reads:

I extend, in the name of the Government of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea, the entire Korean people and in my own, warm congratulations and greetings to the Fifth Conference of the Afro-Asian People's Solidarity Organization and its participants.

At present when the imperialists headed by U.S. imperialism are perpetrating all sorts of aggression and war machinations with increasing malignancy against Asia and Africa it is of very weighty importance to strengthen the militant unity and solidarity of the peoples in these regions.

Under the signboard of "peace" the U.S. imperialists are constantly stepping up the criminal war of aggression in the whole areas of Indochina, getting increasingly undisguised in their intrigue to provoke a new war in Korea, ceaselessly perpetrating the aggression and war machinations against the Arab people in the Near and Middle East and are hell-bent on stamping out the just struggle of the Asian and African peoples for freedom and liberation and the consolidation of national independence.

Only when the Asian and African peoples, in firm unity with the peoples of all revolutionary countries and fighting countries of the world, sharpen their vigilance against the double-dealing tactics of the U.S. imperialists and wage joint struggle against imperialism, colonialism and racism more vigorously can they cut off the last windpipe of the moribund imperialists and build new, independent and prosperous Asia and Africa.

The Korean people who are standing firmly on the anti-imperialist common front together with the Asian and African peoples will keep up their tenacious struggle against imperialism and its stooges and render invariable active support and encouragement to the national-liberation struggle of the Asian and African peoples.

I sincerely wish your Conference great success in its work to expose and condemn the aggression and war policies of U.S. imperialism, support the struggle of the peoples of fighting countries and strengthen solidarity among the Asian and African peoples.

New Year Address of the Respected and Beloved Leader, Comrade KIM IL SUNG,

Widely Introduced in Foreign Countries

Dailies, news agencies and radios of foreign countries are giving wide publicity to the New Year address of Comrade Kim Il Sung, the great Leader of our Party and the entire Korean people.

According to a report from Peking, the Chinese papers, news agency and radio have widely reported the New Year address made by Comrade Kim Il Sung, the great Leader of the entire Korean people, on January 1.

The January 3 issues of the Chinese leading papers **Renmin Ribao, Kwangming Ribao** and **Jiefangjun Bao** gave prominence to detailed summaries of the New Year address of the respected and beloved Leader, Comrade Kim Il Sung, devoting each more than half a page.

Renmin Ribao carried the detailed gist of the New Year address of the respected and beloved Leader, Comrade Kim Il Sung, under the blockletter title "Premier Kim Il Sung makes New Year address. He points out that the present international situation has undergone a great change and the revolutionary struggle of the world people has further grown in strength and the Korean people have registered shining successes in revolution and construction and the task of this year is to strengthen the ideological revolution, step up the economic construction and defence upbuilding in parallel and to actively struggle to frustrate the aggressive plots of U.S. imperialism and Japanese militarism."

On the same day, the Hsinhua News Agency reported a detailed summary of the New Year address delivered by Comrade Kim Il Sung, the great Leader of the entire Korean people, on the occasion of the New Year 1972.

Meanwhile, on January 3, Radio Peking aired a detailed summary of the New Year address after announcing several hours earlier that the New Year address of Comrade Kim Il Sung, the respected and beloved Leader, would be reported.

According to a report from Bucharest, the New Year address of Comrade Kim Il Sung, the respected and beloved Leader, was introduced by the January 3 issue of **Scanteia**, organ of the Central Committee of the Romanian Communist Party.

Introducing the New Year address, the daily noted in particular that he spoke of the brilliant successes scored in 1971, the first year of the Six-Year Plan put forward by the Fifth Congress of the Workers' Party of Korea.

The New Year address pointed out that the entire Korean people hope the talks between the Red Cross organizations of north and south Korea would be an important chance in pulling down the barriers between the north and the south and realizing the peaceful reunification of the fatherland, the daily said, and continued: Comrade Kim Il Sung, the respected and beloved Leader, said that **"In future too, our Party and the Government of the Republic will continue to advocate the independent peaceful reunification of the country and make every effort for its materialization."**

A recent issue of the Romanian daily **Munca**, under the title "New Year address made by Premier Kim Il Sung, the respected and beloved Leader," informed the readers of the contents of the New Year address made by him.

On January 4 TASS introduced the New Year address of Comrade Kim Il Sung, the respected and beloved Leader.

The New Year address delivered by Comrade Kim Il Sung, Premier of the Cabinet of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea, pointed out that the Korean people scored great successes in socialist construction last year, TASS stressed.

It went on:

He said in the New Year address that with an increase in the production of machine tools, tractors and automobiles, a big stride forward was made in introducing mechanization in the coal industry and other fields of the mining industry, great progress was also made in the rural technical revolution and the material and technical foundations of the fishing industry were further consolidated.

TASS pointed to the achievements of light industry, agriculture, livestock breeding and the defence industry in our country last year which were referred to in the New Year address.

According to a KNS report from Tokyo, the January 3 issue of a leading Japanese paper **Yomiuri Shinbun** carried the gist of the New Year address with a conspicuous headline that Premier Kim Il Sung made New Year address.

Local editions of the paper also printed the gist of his New Year address.

According to a report from Singapore, the January 3 issues of the Singapore dailies **Nanyang Siang Pau** and **Sinchew Jit Poh** published the gists of the New Year address.

The dailies laid particular emphasis on the fact that he exposed the reactionary nature of the so-called "state of emergency" proclaimed by the puppet clique of south Korea on the pretext of the fictitious "threat of southward aggression from the north," stressed that the DPRK armed forces are entirely for self-defence and said that the question of national reunification would be solved peacefully.

Radio Singapore aired the gist of the New Year address on the evening of January 1.

The Antara New Agency of Indonesia introduced the gist of the New Year address of Comrade Kim Il Sung, the respected and beloved Leader, on January 1.

He stressed that to build up defence power is by no means for solving the question of national reunification by force of arms, but for defending the country and nation from the aggression of the U.S. imperialists and the Japanese militarists, the news agency reported.

TELEGRAMS

✦Ushering in the New Year 1972, the respected and beloved Leader, Comrade **Kim Il Sung**, General Secretary of the Central Committee of the Workers' Party of Korea and Premier of the Cabinet of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea, received New Year's cards from: Comrade **Ton Due Thang**, President of the Democratic Republic of Viet Nam, Comrade **Le Duan**, First Secretary of the Central Committee of the Viet Nam Workers' Party, Comrade **Truong Chinh**, Chairman of the Standing Committee of the National Assembly of the DRVN, and Comrade **Pham Van Dong**, Premier of the DRVN Government; Comrade **Ion Gheorghe Maurer**, Chairman of the Council of Ministers of the Romanian Socialist Republic; **Julius K. Nyerere**, President of the United Republic of Tanzania; **Indira Gandhi**, Prime Minister of the Republic of India; and **M. J. Diamini**, Prime Minister and Foreign Minister of the Kingdom of Swaziland.

The respected and beloved Leader, Comrade **Kim Il Sung**, sent New Year's cards to the Party and government leaders of these countries.

✦The respected and beloved Leader, Comrade **Kim Il Sung**, General Secretary of the Central Committee of the Workers' Party of Korea and Premier of the Cabinet of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea, and Comrade **Kim Song Ae**, received New Year's cards from Comrade **Nicolae Ceausescu**, General Secretary of the Romanian Communist Party, and his wife **Elena Ceausescu** and from **Ne Win**, Chairman of the Revolutionary Council of the Union of Burma, and his wife **Daw Khin May Than**.

The respected and beloved Leader, Comrade **Kim Il Sung**, and Comrade **Kim Song Ae** sent them New Year's cards.

✦Comrade **Kim Il Sung**, General Secretary of the Central Committee of the Workers' Party of Korea and Premier of the Cabinet of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea, and Comrade **Choi Yong Kun**, President of the Presidium of the Supreme People's Assembly of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea, received a telegram of New Year greetings from Comrade **Erich Honecker**, First Secretary of the Central Committee of the German Socialist Unity Party, Comrade **Walter Ulbricht**, President of the State Council of the German Democratic Republic, and Comrade **Willi Stoph**, Chairman of the Council of Ministers of the German Democratic Republic.

Comrade **Kim Il Sung** sent New Year's cards to them.

✦The respected and beloved Leader, Comrade **Kim Il Sung**, General Secretary of the Central Committee of the Workers' Party of Korea and Premier of the Cabinet of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea, also received telegrams of New Year greetings from: Comrade **Sanzo Nosaka**, Chairman of the Central Committee of the Japan Communist Party; Major **Marien Ngouabi**, President of the People's Republic of the Congo; **Ahmed Sekou Toure**, President of the Republic of Guinea; **Faisal Ibn Abdul Aziz Ibn Saud**, King of the Kingdom of Saudi Arabia; Colonel **Moussa Traore**, Head of State, Prime Minister of the Government and Chairman of the Military Committee of National Liberation of the Republic of Mali; Colonel **Moammer El Gaddafy**, Chairman of the Revolutionary Command Council of Libya and Prime Minister of the Libyan Arab Republic; **Hubert Maga**, Chairman of the Presidential Council, Head of State and Chief of the Government of the Republic of Dahomey; **Sabah Al-Salem Al-Sabah**, Emir of the State of Kuwait; **Isa Bin Sulman Al-Khalifa**, Emir of the State of Bahrain; **Penn Nouth**, Prime Minister of the Royal Government of National Union of Cambodia; and from **Ali Nasser Mohamed**, Prime Minister of the People's Democratic Republic of Yemen.

The Leader sent them telegrams of New Year greetings.

✦Comrade **Kim Il Sung**, Premier of the Cabinet of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea, received telegrams of greetings from **El Hadj Ahmadou Ahidjo**, President of the Federal Republic of Cameroons and from **the Central Committee of the Greek Communist Party** on the occasion of the New Year.

✦Comrade **Kim Il Sung**, Premier of the Cabinet of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea, sent messages of greetings to **Anwar El Sadat**, President of the Arab Republic of Egypt, respectively in honour of the latter's 54th birthday and the 15th anniversary of the "Day of Victory" at **Port Said**, and sent a message of greetings to **Zulfikar Ali Bhutto**, on his assumption of office as President of the Islamic Republic of Pakistan.

"The Great Juche Idea Gives Invincible Strength, Courage and Confidence to the World Revolutionary People Fighting for Freedom and Independence"

"Seminar on the Creative Juche Idea of Comrade Kim Il Sung" of the Near and Middle East Held in Beirut

in Honour of the Forthcoming 60th Birthday of the Great Leader, Comrade KIM IL SUNG

A "Seminar on the Creative *Juche* Idea of Comrade Kim Il Sung" of the Near and Middle East was held in Beirut from December 20 to 22 last in honour of the forthcoming 60th birthday of Comrade Kim Il Sung, the great Leader of the revolution.

Many Lebanese papers including **Al Shaab, Albairaq, Beirut** and **Al Yom** respectfully carried portraits of the great Leader, Comrade Kim Il Sung, and printed detailed accounts of the seminar.

According to the newspaper reports, a portrait of Comrade Kim Il Sung, one of the outstanding leaders of the international communist movement and working-class movement and the respected and beloved Leader of the entire Korean people, was hung respectfully on the background of the platform.

Written beneath it in Arabic letters were the words "Seminar on the Creative *Juche* Idea of Comrade Kim Il Sung."

On display in the hall of the seminar were photographs showing the glorious and brilliant history of the revolutionary activities of the respected and beloved Leader, Comrade Kim Il Sung, covering half a century and his immortal works of genius.

The seminar adopted unanimously a letter addressed to Comrade Kim Il Sung, the founder of the *Juche* idea and the great Leader of the revolution, amid thunderous applause of the entire attendants.

Present there were social scientists, political figures, doctors, professors, responsible men of the press, representatives of study groups of the works of Comrade Kim Il Sung, workers engaged in the publication of the works and many other representatives from various countries who were making deep-going study of the immortal works of genius of Comrade Kim Il Sung, the respected and beloved Leader.

An opening address was made by Alli Amdouh Abdalah, a Lebanese parliamentarian and Chairman of the Preparatory Committee of the "Seminar on the Creative *Juche* Idea of Comrade Kim Il Sung" of the Near and Middle East.

He stressed:

The *Juche* idea founded by the great Leader, Comrade Kim Il Sung, has become the main current of thought in our time and no force can check its influence.

The speaker said that the great *Juche* idea founded by him gives invincible strength, courage and confidence to the world revolutionary people fighting for freedom and independence.

The floor was taken by Wafic Tibi, Secretary-General of the Union of Arab Journalists, Member of the Council of the Lebanese Press Association and Director of the Lebanese paper **Al Yom**; Madhat Akash, a Syrian writer and editor of the paper **Culture**; Ibrahim Tari, Chairman of the "Committee for Study of the *Juche* Idea of Comrade Kim Il Sung" of the Palestinians in Alexandria and Chairman of the Alexandria Branch of the Palestinian Liberation Organization; Omar Jabir Omar, Chairman of the Eritrean Students Union in Syria; and many other representatives.

Referring in detail to the essentials and content of the great *Juche* idea, the basic idea which constitutes the quintessence of the revolutionary ideas of the respected and beloved Leader, Comrade Kim Il Sung, and runs through the whole of his revolutionary ideas, the speakers emphasized:

His *Juche* idea is the most correct Marxist-Leninist guiding idea of our time and an immovable guiding compass of the revolutionary struggle and constructive work which fully reflects the lawful demand of the revolution and construction in Korea and inevitable demand of the development of the international communist movement.

The speakers said that Comrade Kim Il Sung, a great Marxist-Leninist, reflecting the matured demand of the development of the revolution, founded the great *Juche* idea in his early revolutionary activities and in the flames of the anti-Japanese armed struggle on the basis of an analysis of historical experiences of the Korean revolutionary movement with his brilliant intelligence and penetration.

Tracing the half-a-century long glorious and brilliant revolutionary history of the great Leader, Comrade Kim Il Sung, who hewed with originality a path of rigorous revolution and led the Korean revolution along a most straight road of victory, upholding the banner of *Juche* idea, the speakers stressed that the founding of the great *Juche* idea by him marked the opening of an ever-victorious revolutionary course, a new dawn in the revolutionary development and a guarantee of the victory of the Korean revolution.

By founding the immortal revolutionary idea, the *Juche* idea, he has given clear answers to the theoretical and practical questions arising in the revolution and construction and enriched the treasurehouse of Marxism-Leninism, they said.

They extended the highest glory and deepest thanks to the respected and beloved Leader, Comrade Kim Il Sung, the founder of the great *Juche* idea, who indicated in an all-round way the directions and ways for a most correct and principled solution of all the questions raised in the new stage of the revolution and construction.

Highly eulogizing Comrade Kim Il Sung, the great Leader of the revolution, as the great man who founded the *Juche* idea and illumined a new road of the communist movement, Madhat Akash stressed: This is why all the revolutionary people of the whole world infinitely adore him.

Attendants of the "Seminar on the Creative *Juche* Idea of Comrade Kim Il Sung" of the Near and Middle East held in Beirut, Lebanon

Many representatives quoted in their speeches the teaching of Comrade Kim Il Sung, the great Leader of the revolution: **"To establish *Juche* means holding fast to the principle of solving for oneself all problems of the revolution and construction in conformity with the actual conditions of one's country, and mainly by one's own efforts. This is a realistic and creative stand which opposes dogmatism and applies the universal truth of Marxism-Leninism and the experience of the international revolutionary movement to one's country in conformity with its historical conditions and national peculiarities. This represents an independent stand of discarding the spirit of relying on others, of displaying the spirit of self-reliance and solving one's own affairs on one's own responsibility under all circumstances."**

The speakers said:

Today the revolutionary movements have surged to an unprecedented high in many countries, with the result that their scale has rapidly expanded and the tasks facing them have become more complicated and diverse and, furthermore, the revolutionary force capable of advancing revolution in the respective countries has been prepared. This new historical condition makes it imperative for the revolutionaries of all the countries to establish *Juche* without fail in the struggle for national liberation, democracy and socialism.

Wafic Tibi, stressing this in his speech, said:

The *Juche* idea terrifies the U.S. imperialists and their allies by its universality.

Juche inspires the struggle of the peoples of the five continents and vigorously inspires them to the struggle for destroying the position of imperialism and winning final liberation.

All the people can defeat impe-

(Continued on Page 2)

To reunify the divided fatherland is the greatest national task for the entire Korean people at the present stage and the most pressing task the solution of which brooks not a moment's delay.

KIM IL SUNG

Comrade KIM IL SUNG, the Great Leader of the Revolution, Leads to Victory the Struggle of Our People for South Korean Revolution and National Reunification

To free south Korea from the yoke of U.S. imperialist colonial rule and reunify the divided fatherland is the supreme national task of the Korean people.

Already at the time when he returned to the homeland in triumph after defeating Japanese imperialism, Comrade Kim Il Sung, the great Leader of our Party and the entire Korean people, made a scientific analysis of the situation created in our country and the urgent revolutionary task confronting our people and set forth the correct strategic and tactical policies on the south Korean revolution and national reunification. Since then, he has led and is leading to victory the struggle of the entire Korean people for their materialization.

(1)

On August 15, 1945, the great Leader of the revolution, Comrade Kim Il Sung, leading the anti-Japanese armed struggle to a victory, put an end to the colonial rule of Japanese imperialism and realized the restoration of the fatherland. This brought a favourable phase in the Korean revolution.

Due to the occupation of south Korea by the U.S. imperialists, the chieftain of world reaction, however, new, grave difficulties crooped up in the way of our revolution.

The U.S. imperialists who turned up as the new colonial ruler in south Korea, taking the place of Japanese imperialism, began to pursue with frenzy the policy of war to occupy the whole of Korea and invade the Asian continent. Our country was thus split into two parts, and the uniform advancement of the revolution in north and south Korea was prevented.

Indeed, the Korean revolution assumed an arduous and complex nature. How to tide over such difficulties and how to lead the revolution was a very important problem decisive of the whole fate of the Korean revolution.

Comrade Kim Il Sung advanced the line of building a revolutionary base to get over the created difficulties with the internal forces of our people and lead the Korean revolution along the straight road of victory.

Comrade Kim Il Sung taught: **"In view of the aggressive policy of the U.S. imperialists, it was vital to push the revolution ahead energetically in already-liberated north Korea and create a solid revolutionary base there in order to clear the way successfully for the country's reunification and the victory of the revolution in the entire country."** (Kim Il Sung, *Selected Works*, Vol. IV, p. 286.)

This line set forth by the Leader reflects his great strategic plan to carry on the whole Korean revolution separately in the two regions of the north and the south in the light of the obtaining situation, a plan to build up the northern half into a firm revolutionary base by actively promoting the revolution and construction there and carry out the revolution in south Korea by actively advancing the revolutionary movement with powerful assistance from the northern half so as to complete the national-liberation, people's democratic revolution on a nation-wide scale.

Comrade Kim Il Sung, basing himself on such an original line, actively stepped up the revolution and construction in the northern half and led them to a brilliant victory. At the same time, he clearly set forth the strategic and tactical policies on the south Korean revolution.

First of all, he scientifically defined the character and basic task of the south Korean revolution and its motive power and target and put forward strategic policies applicable in the whole period of the revolution—the direction for the main and auxiliary attacks in the revolution, the formation of the main and reserve forces, the basic ways for dealing decisive blows at the counter-revolution, etc. And he concretely expounded the basic policies applicable in the preparatory stage of the revolution and in its decisive hour and the tactical problems for their implementation.

As the respected and beloved Leader, Comrade Kim Il Sung, made clear, the south Korean revolution is the national-liberation revolution against the U.S. imperialist aggressors and, at the same time, the people's democratic revolution against the stooges of U.S. imperialism—landlords, comprador capitalists, reactionary bureaucrats—and their fascist rule. The basic task of the south Korean revolution is to drive the U.S. imperialist forces of aggression out of south Korea and eliminate their colonial domination, overthrow the military fascist dictatorship and establish a progressive social system, thereby attaining the democratic development of south Korean society.

The first target of struggle in the south Korean revolution is the U.S. imperialist aggressor forces who are maintaining colonial rule in south Korea, with all power in their hands. Another target of struggle is landlords, comprador capitalists and reactionary bureaucrats who are in collusion with the U.S. imperialists.

That is why the south Korean people must fight against the U.S. imperialist aggressors and against the latter's accomplices—the landlords, comprador capitalists and reactionary bureaucrats.

The motive power of the south Korean revolution is the working class and its reliable ally, the peasantry, and the progressive student youths, intellectuals, patriotic-minded armymen, some patriotic-minded national capitalists and people of small-proportied classes who are opposed to the U.S. imperialists and their lackeys.

In order to prepare the powerful revolutionary forces capable of defeating the counter-revolutionary forces in south Korea, it is necessary, above all, to solidly build up the Marxist-Leninist Party, the General Staff in the revolution, and closely rally the workers and peasants, the basic classes in the revolution, around it and form the powerful main force of the revolution and, at the same time, unite under the anti-U.S., national-salvation united front broad patriotic democratic forces of all strata that can be mobilized for the revolution and build them up into a political force.

Along with his exposition of the strategic policy on the formation of the revolutionary forces, Comrade Kim Il Sung clearly indicated the concrete ways for reinforcing the revolutionary forces—the founding of the Marxist-Leninist Party and its strengthening and development, the building of revolutionary mass organizations and the Party guidance of these organizations, the principles of the united front and so forth.

He made it clear that the basic policy of the south Korean revolution at the present stage is to preserve the revolutionary forces from the enemy's suppression and, at the same time, constantly accumulate and expand them and make preparations for actively meeting the decisive hour of the revolution and that the immediate task of the south Korean people for this is to actively carry on the anti-U.S., anti-fascist, democratization struggle.

All struggles of the south Korean people should lead to making preparations for the decisive struggle to expel the U.S. imperialist aggressors from south Korea and liquidate their colonial rule, topple the military fascist dictatorship and establish the people's power. Under the condition that the U.S. imperialists and their hirelings offer desperate resistance by recourse to the counter-revolutionary violence, the decisive struggle of the south Korean people can be won only by means of violence.

Indeed, the line and policies of the south Korean revolution clarified by Comrade Kim Il Sung, the great Leader of the revolution, are scientific strategy and tactics which give the only correct answer to all the problems in the revolution on the basis of a correct analysis of the character and main contradictions of society, the balance of forces between the classes and the prospect for the development of the revolution in south Korea, and they are the guiding principle firmly guaranteeing the victory of the south Korean revolution.

It was thanks to the line and policies set forth by the Leader and his wise leadership that the south Korean revolution could make epochal advance, surmounting all trials and difficulties.

(2)

The respected and beloved Leader, Comrade Kim Il Sung, while leading the south Korean revolution, elucidated our Party's principled stand and policy on national reunification and organized and mobilized our people to the struggle for its materialization.

Comrade Kim Il Sung taught:

"The basic line of national reunification maintained all along by the Government of our Republic is to reunify the north and the south by the Korean people themselves independently on democratic principles without any interference of outside forces following the withdrawal of all foreign troops from south Korea. This proposal of ours on peaceful reunification is most fair and realistic proposal acceptable to all." ("The Democratic People's Republic of Korea Is the Banner of Freedom and Independence for Our People and the Powerful Weapon of Building Socialism and Communism," p. 84.)

The policy on independent national reunification consistently maintained by our Party is an embodiment of the great *Juche* idea of Comrade Kim Il Sung and a full reflection of the ardent aspirations and the unanimous interests of the north and south Korean people.

The question of Korea's reunification is an internal affair of the Korean nation, which the United Nations or any other outside forces are not entitled to meddle in, and it should be settled by the efforts of the Korean people themselves under all circumstances.

For the realization of the independent reunification of the country, the Leader set forth the original policy for strengthening the three major revolutionary forces, that is, a policy of putting main stress on strengthening in every way the revolutionary forces in the northern half of the Republic and the revolutionary forces in south Korea—the internal forces of our revolution—and of strengthening the solidarity of the Korean people with the international revolutionary forces. At the same time, he advanced concrete ways for the execution of the policy.

Our Party and the Government of the Republic have all along maintained and are maintaining the policy for the peaceful reunification of the country.

But due to the frantic war policy of the U.S. imperialists and their stooges, the situation in our country has become extremely tense and the danger of war continued.

Such being the situation, Comrade Kim Il Sung, foreseeing possibility of non-peaceful national reunification, too, made our Party and people prepare themselves thoroughly so that they can actively cope with the situation in case the U.S. imperialists unleash another war of aggression. On the other hand, he advanced reasonable and realistic proposals for peaceful reunification and made every possible effort for their materialization.

The Government of the Republic proposed more than once to the south Korean authorities that after driving out the U.S. imperialist aggression army from south Korea, the north and the south reduce their armies to 100,000 men or less respectively, conclude an agreement on refraining from use of armed force against each other, put into effect economic and cultural interchange, mutual visits of individual personages and exchange of letters between the north and the south and enforce at least a confederation of north and south Korea as a transitional measure for hastening national reunification and, by these means, a unified democratic government be established through free north-south general elections when the basic conditions are provided for attaining the peaceful reunification of the country. Last year alone, the Government of the Republic put forward the 8-point peaceful reunification programme at the Fifth Session of the Fourth Supreme People's Assembly.

Especially, in his historic speech made on August 6 last, the respected and beloved Leader, Comrade Kim Il Sung, manifested the readiness to contact at any time with all political parties, including the Democratic Republican Party, social organizations and individual personages in south Korea to discuss the problem on independent, peaceful reunification of the country. In his New Year address for this year, too, he reaffirmed that if even now the south Korean rulers depart from the road of treachery to the nation and return to the position truly Korean, we can peacefully settle the problem on national reunification with them.

All the proposals advanced by the Leader and the active and sincere efforts made by the Government of the Republic under his leadership enlist absolute support from the broad sections of people in south Korea and have driven into a hopeless quandary the U.S. imperialists and the south Korean puppet clique who, persistently opposing the reunification of Korea, are engrossed in their preparations for an aggressive war.

(3)

The strategic and tactical policy on the south Korean revolution and national reunification, clarified by Comrade Kim Il Sung, the great Leader of the revolution, is being brought to splendid realization by the struggle of the north and south Korean people and displaying its great vitality with every passing day thanks to his wise leadership.

By virtue of his sagacious leadership, the political, economic and military might of the northern half of the Republic, the base of the Korean revolution, has increased remarkably.

Today the powerful revolutionary base and socialist forces in the northern half of the Republic are a decisive guarantee for completion of the south Korean revolution and realization of national reunification.

Comrade Kim Il Sung taught:

"In south Korea the revolutionary advance of the broad masses of the people including workers, peasants, student youths and intellectuals has gained momentum under the impact of the brilliant results of socialist construction in the northern half of the Republic, and the colonial rule of the U.S. imperialists is shaken to its very foundation." ("Report on the Work of the Central Committee to the Fifth Congress of the Workers' Party of Korea," p. 1.)

In accordance with the policy on the south Korean revolution and national reunification set forth by the respected and beloved Leader, Comrade Kim Il Sung, the revolutionary struggle of the south Korean people is making a great advance.

Regarding the building of a revolutionary Marxist-Leninist Party as the main link in the development of the revolutionary movement, the revolutionaries and people in south Korea waged an arduous struggle in defiance of the brutal fascist repression by the U.S. imperialists and their henchmen and thus founded the Revolutionary Party for Reunification.

The Revolutionary Party for Reunification takes the great Marxist-Leninist *Juche* idea of the respected and beloved Leader, Comrade Kim Il Sung, as the only guiding idea and represents the genuine interests of the popular masses including workers and peasants. With the founding of this Party, the south Korean people came to possess a reliable political general staff in their revolutionary struggle and make a vigorous advance according to the strategic and tactical policy put forward by the Leader.

As the activities of the Revolutionary Party for Reunification have been intensified, the south Korean revolutionaries and people feel it their infinite pride and honour that they have Comrade Kim Il Sung, the great sun of the nation, as the Leader, and express unbounded trust in and reverence for the Leader. These sentiments are growing rapidly with an irresistible force. South Korean people, firmly armed with the great revolutionary idea, the ever-victorious *Juche* idea, of the Leader, are taking an active part in the revolutionary struggle and rallying themselves as one around the Leader.

This is the most important characteristic in the development of the south Korean revolutionary movement at present and is a decisive guarantee for the victory of the south Korean revolution.

The struggle of the south Korean people against the fascist policy of the U.S. imperialists and the Pak Jung Hi puppet clique and for democratic freedom is rapidly developing into a fiercer mass struggle involving the broad masses of all walks of life—workers, peasants, student youths, intellectuals, urban petty bourgeoisie, patriotic-minded armymen and others. And in this course organizations of the united front are being formed.

Besides, the aspiration for the independent, peaceful reunification of the country are running higher than ever before among the south Korean people today.

Thanks to the active efforts of the Government of the Republic for national reunification and in face of the ever more vigorous advance of the south Korean people, the south Korean puppet clique who had been dead set against any contact between the north and the south found it unavoidable, though belated, to agree to hold preliminary talks between the north and south Korean Red Cross organizations.

Today the international solidarity of our revolution has also been strengthened remarkably.

Thanks to the independent, principled foreign policy of our Party, the international position of our country is rapidly rising and more and more revolutionary people of the world are extending active support and encouragement to our cause of revolution and national reunification.

Our revolutionary forces have grown incomparably stronger thanks to the great strategic and tactical policy of the respected and beloved Leader, Comrade Kim Il Sung, and under his wise leadership. On the contrary, the counter-revolutionary forces headed by U.S. imperialism have considerably been weakened in south Korea.

In south Korea the colonial rule of U.S. imperialism is in a serious crisis and is shaken to its very foundation. The puppet clique are at death's door, in the full sense of the term.

Such being the situation, the Pak Jung Hi puppet clique, upon the instruction of U.S. imperialism, are, externally, begging for the perpetual occupation of south Korea by the U.S. imperialist aggression troops and are actively ushering even the Japanese militarist forces into south Korea. Internally, they proclaimed the "state of emergency" and are persisting in brutal fascist repression of the people and war provocation manoeuvres.

No matter what machination they may resort to, however, the U.S. imperialist aggressors and their bootlickers cannot curb the dynamic struggle of the Korean people for the south Korean revolution and national reunification nor can they save themselves from impending doom.

Under the wise leadership of the great Leader of the revolution, Comrade Kim Il Sung, and in accordance with his strategic and tactical policy, the south Korean revolution will surely emerge victorious and our country will certainly be reunified in our generation.

And the day is sure to come when the entire people in north and south Korea will live together happily in the benevolent bosom of the fatherly Leader, Comrade Kim Il Sung.

Li Jip

(Continued from Page 1)

rialism and domestic reactionaries, if they follow the path of *Juche*, the idea of the great Leader, Premier Kim Il Sung.

The *Juche* idea is a great idea which declared the end of imperialism in the 20th century, as "Communist Manifesto" declared the end of capitalism in the 19th century.

He earnestly called for "holding aloft the revolutionary banner of the *Juche* idea."

Sauki Ajami, General Secretary of the Lebanon-Korea Friendship Association, said in his speech:

Korea has a long history of 5,000 years.

The revolutionary history of the respected and beloved Leader, Comrade Kim Il Sung, over half a century is a very short period in the history of 5,000 years. But, in this period, he has done what had not been done in 5,000 years. All the successes are a brilliant fruition of the immortal *Juche* idea founded by him.

Yasam Rangku, head of the "Study Group of the Works of Comrade Kim Il Sung" of the People's Democratic Front for the Liberation of Palestine in Syria, said:

We had considered that in conducting economic and defence building, a country could not carry out construction unless it slowed down one of the two domains.

But the respected and beloved Leader, Comrade Kim Il Sung, set forth the line of stepping up economic construction and defence upbuilding in parallel, a creative line of pushing ahead with the two domains at the same time, not slowing down any of them, and successfully carried it through.

Fernando Peteira Santos, head of the "Translating Group of Works of Comrade Kim Il Sung" of the members of the Mission of the Portuguese Patriotic Front for National Liberation in Algeria, stressed:

The world revolutionary people must not fail to choose a revolutionary road, the road of independence in politics, self-sustenance in economy and self-defence in national defence. The world people should deeply study the *Juche* idea, the new idea which can not be found in the Marxist-Leninist classics.

Emphasizing that to support the Korean people's just cause of national reunification is a task of the world revolutionary organizations and people, the speakers said: The question of Korea's reunification should be solved independently by the Korean people themselves on democratic principles without any interference of outside forces, after the U.S. imperialist aggressor troops are withdrawn from south Korea. They expressed full support to the eight-point programme for national salvation of the Government of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea.

They strongly demanded that the U.S. imperialist aggressor troops be withdrawn from south Korea at once and the Japanese militarists give up their reinvasion of south Korea.

The speakers quoted the teaching of Comrade Kim Il Sung, the respected and beloved Leader: **"The peoples of all countries making peoples of all countries making the revolution should tear limbs off the U.S. beast and behead it all over the world. The U.S. imperialists appear to be strong, but when the peoples of many countries attack them from all sides and join in mutilating them in that way, they will become impotent and bite the dust in the end."**

They stressed in one voice that the world revolutionary people, firmly rallied on the anti-imperialist, anti-U.S. common front, should check and frustrate the U.S. imperialists' policies of aggression and war by taking a more energetic, common action against the U.S. imperialist aggressors.

They expressed thanks to the Korean people who, under the wise leadership of the respected and beloved Leader, Comrade Kim Il Sung, are giving all sincere support and encouragement to the national liberation struggle of the world revolutionary people, while resolutely fighting against the U.S. imperialist aggressors in direct confrontation with them.

The entire attendants of the seminar reverentially wished good health and a long life to Comrade Kim Il Sung, the great Leader of the entire Korean people, the prominent Marxist-Leninist of our time and one of the outstanding leaders of the international communist movement and working-class movement, for the reunification of the fatherland and the nation-wide victory of the Korean revolution, for the ever-lasting prosperity and welfare of the Korean people and for the final victory of socialism and communism.

Each time the speakers extended the highest glory to the respected and beloved Leader, Comrade Kim Il Sung, and wished him good health and a long life, the entire attendants rose from their seats and broke into enthusiastic cheers and applause, the hall overflowing with boundless veneration for the Leader.

At the end of the seminar, loud and enthusiastic cheers in Korean "Long live Comrade Kim Il Sung!" and "Long live the *Juche* idea!" rocked the hall for a long while.

The attendants of the seminar sang in chorus "Song of General Kim Il Sung" with infinite reverence for him.

On the evening of December 22, the preparatory committee of the seminar gave a banquet in honour of the success of the seminar.

Invited to the banquet were the entire representatives who attended the seminar.

Also present there were Mamdouhi Al Abdoulahi, Deputy Speaker of the Lebanese Parliament, and members of the same, representatives of political parties and public organizations and many men of the press of Lebanon.

The Entire Korean People Warmly Welcome

the Just Line of the Independent, Peaceful Reunification of the Country Set Forth by Marshal KIM IL SUNG, the Respected and Beloved Leader, in His New Year Address

Li Guk Ro, Chairman of the Committee for the Peaceful Reunification of the Fatherland, Issues Statement

Li Guk Ro, Chairman of the Committee for the Peaceful Reunification of the Fatherland, issued on January 6 a statement warmly supporting the line of independent, peaceful reunification of the country put forth by the great Leader, Marshal Kim Il Sung, in his New Year address.

In the New Year address the respected and beloved Leader, Marshal Kim Il Sung, put forward the only correct programmatic guiding principle for the independent, peaceful reunification of the country, the greatest national desire of the entire people of north and south Korea, and thus opened a brighter prospect for the reunification, Chairman Li Guk Ro said, and went on:

Reiterating the consistent line of the Workers' Party of Korea and the Government of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea for the independent, peaceful reunification of the country in the New Year address the respected and beloved Leader, Marshal Kim Il Sung, made it clear that if even now the south Korean rulers stop at once their acts of selling out the country and the nation to the U.S. and Japanese aggressors and the fascist suppression of the south Korean people and respond to the earnest call of the Government of our Republic to realize peaceful reunification through negotiations between the Koreans themselves, they can redeem even a little the crimes committed against the country and the nation and find a way to save themselves.

The respected and beloved Leader, Marshal Kim Il Sung, said as follows:

"If even now the south Korean rulers renounce their reliance on the outside forces and depart from the road of treachery to the nation and return to the position truly Korean, we will not ask about their past but will peacefully settle the question of national reunification with them."

The line expounded by Marshal Kim Il Sung, the great sun of our nation, is of truly great significance in promoting the peaceful reunification of the country.

It is a line lenient toward even those who committed grave crimes against the country and the nation, the line which embodies the loftiest intention of the respected and beloved Leader to open a road of regeneration for them by making them repent of their past crimes and come out in the nation-wide struggle against the foreign aggressors and for the independent, peaceful reunification of the country, and it is a patriotic line that clearly shows what a magnanimous stand the Government of our Republic has taken for achieving at an early date the peaceful reunification of the country, the ardent desire of the entire people of north and south Korea.

Any Korean, if he has even a bit of national conscience, can not but lower his head before this lenient and magnanimous policy of the Government of our Republic and join in the nation-wide struggle for beating back the U.S. and Japanese aggressors and realizing the independent, peaceful reunification of the country.

If the south Korean rulers truly want to find some way out, they should honestly admit their crimes even now, discontinue all sorts of criminal acts of betraying the country and the nation and going against the trend of history and should have the courage to respond to the patriotic call of the Government of our Republic for the peaceful reunification of the country. By so doing they should show not in word but in deed that they want peaceful reunification.

As is widely known, the Workers' Party of Korea and the Government of our Republic have put forward time and again the most fair and aboveboard, reasonable proposals for the independent, peaceful reunification of the country and consistently exerted all efforts for their realization.

Last year alone, the Fifth Session of the Fourth Supreme People's Assembly of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea advanced eight-point national salvation proposals acceptable to everyone and especially in his historical speech on August 6 the great Leader, Marshal Kim Il Sung, clarified the readiness to make contact at any time with all political parties, including the Democratic Republican Party, public organizations and individual personnel of south

(Continued on Page 3)

Fatherly Love for a Girl and Her Younger Brother Who Came from the Southern Half

The day, August 19, 1964, was so meaningful to Comrade Kim Chung Son that she would never forget it throughout her life.

That day Comrade Kim Il Sung, who was giving on-the-spot guidance of the rural work in her county, personally sent for her, a chief engineer of the County Cooperative Farm Management Committee, learning that she had come from her hometown in south Korea.

"Here comes Comrade Chung Son... It's good of you to have come here to see me!" Saying this at the moment she stepped into the front yard of the house where he was, Comrade Premier received her warmly as if he were meeting his married daughter who called on her parents after long separation.

Motioning her to a seat, he said: **"I was told that you came from the southern half. So, I sent for you. I wanted to see you and know how matters stood with your work."**

This was much more than she deserved that she could hardly give him even words of greetings.

Comrade Premier kindly asked her how long she had served in the People's Army and what school she had graduated from.

She replied that she had served in the People's Army for a full two years and later finished an agricultural college. Then, he put her more detailed questions as to when she had passed through the college, how long she had been in the county, whether she had parents in the southern half and if she had relatives.

"Have you ever thought of your going to the southern half to work there in the future, Comrade Chung Son?"

To this question of Comrade Premier, she replied without hesitation that it was her hope to go there at any time when the country is reunified. She told him what she had in her mind all the time.

Hearing her out, Comrade Premier said that the obtaining situation in the southern half was very good and that many people, joining for us, were bravely fighting against the U.S. imperialists and the Pak Jung Hi puppet clique. Explaining the need to make preparations to work well in the southern half after the country is reunified, he advised her to educate her relatives and friends and her former pupils and win over a large number of people when she goes back to her hometown.

Comrade Chung Son was all ears to lay every word of Comrade Premier to her heart. An unshaken confidence overwhelmed her. The longed-for mountains and rivers in her native place vividly floated before her eyes. She clearly envisioned the day of reunification when she would warmly hug her parents, brothers and sisters.

"You have had much schooling and have gone through many hardships, too. Well, you have no family member here?" asked Comrade Premier, changing the topic of conversation.

"I have my younger brother here."

"Where and what is he doing?"

A lump rose in her throat. Holding back her emotion with difficulty, she answered falteringly that her younger brother was working at a factory.

"How much schooling has he had?"

"He left a college halfway."

Apparently sensing that her reply was somewhat out of common, Comrade Premier asked her again in an anxious tone:

"What brought him to do labour, giving up school? Perhaps he had done something wrong."

She dropped her head instead of reply.

She felt quite awkward whenever the only younger brother with whom she had come to the northern half was referred to.

It was because an undesirable thing had happened to him.

"There must be some reasons for it. Tell me why he left school halfway," Comrade Premier said to her who was seated in silence, her head drooped, simply fumbling with the edge of her coat.

"....."

"Don't mind. Tell me."

Certainly, there was no reason why she should not tell the story to the fatherly Leader when he repeated his question, treating her so warm-heartedly. So, she told him in detail all about what the matter was with her younger brother.

Comrade Premier was listening to her in silence, and he fell in a deep thought for a while.

Presently, he changed the subject and asked her in a gentle voice:

"When did you join the Party, Comrade Chung Son?"

She said that she joined the Party in December 1946.

"Well, you took part in the revolution in your early years," said he, and asked her about her younger brother again.

"Does your younger brother have family?"

"No, he doesn't."

"Hasn't he got married, either?"

"He says that he will not marry till he remedies his own defects completely. Now, at the production site he examines himself in remorse."

Comrade Premier said that both of them had a very firm determination and, turning to the cadres beside him, remarked:

"These comrades are quite strong-willed. We should take better care of them who have such an unshakable resolve to make revolution.

"You wouldn't know how precious the human beings are, if you are ignorant of the Party's policies and do not experience hardships and temper yourselves in the revolutionary struggle.

"The younger brother of this comrade has his home in the southern half. But remember he didn't go back home but came as far as here, following the Party.

"If he has a shortcoming, we must help him correct it, mustn't we?"

Pointing out that those workers who hail from the southern half should be particularly held dear and valued, Comrade Premier earnestly said that we must handle, like our own affairs, any shortcomings which are manifested in them and lead them to go together along the road of the revolution, leaving none of them behind.

Hearing these words, Comrade Chung Son burst into a convulsive sob.

"You must have been troubled much with the only younger brother you've got.

With this he gently shook her by the shoulder and soothingly told her to stop weeping.

"Your younger brother's defect is not the kind that cannot be rectified. Even now, if we let him resume his study to turn over a new leaf, it will be all right, won't it?"

So saying, he related a story of how highly a revolutionary comrade was treasured in the years of the hard-fought, anti-Japanese armed struggle.

While hearing Comrade Premier's story, she felt her heart swelling up with warmth.

That evening Comade Premier gave her a detailed account of what has to be done for the revolution in the southern half by those who had come from there.

Comrade Premier asked her in concrete terms about her relatives, too, who were now in the northern half, and then said:

"They are all precious comrades. "You must not forget the southern half even for a moment. Prepare yourselves for the revolution in the southern half!"

A fresh fighting spirit and confidence surged up within her.

Looking at the cadres close to him, Comrade Premier went on to say:

"This comrade is engaged in the revolutionary work without so much as getting married until now. She is a comrade of strong faith."

At such undeserved words of commendation from Comrade Premier, Chung Son was very ashamed that she had done too little in the light of his great solicitude for and trust in her. Gazing at her who was keeping her head down, Comrade Premier resumed the conversation.

"You joined the ranks of struggle in your early years with an aim of carrying out the revolution. Up to now, you remain single without becoming a housewife. You has grown to be a chief engineer of the County Cooperative Farm Management Committee. What a splendid thing! You have a strong will, indeed."

He then paused for some moments, and asked her how old she was and said to her in a low, soft voice:

"Aren't you going to get married, Comrade Chung Son? You ought to do so."

At the moment she found herself quite at a loss how to reply.

"In my opinion, you should marry. It seems you had better marry with a comrade with whom you can work together in the southern half in the future."

He showed far more deeper solicitude and care for her than her real parents.

Besides, he told her in detail about the prospects of the revolution in the southern half and the methods of struggle for it.

Comrade Premier slowly rose from his seat and looked up at the southern sky.

Stars were twinkling in the night sky of August without a speck of cloud.

"You must never forget the southern half for a moment. Get yourself fully prepared to go and work there at any time!"

With this, Comrade Premier firmly grasped her hand.

"I'll certainly keep in my mind what you said, dear Premier!"

This was all she could say to Comrade Premier on parting, though she firmly made up her mind again and again to do as told by him.

Afterwards, under the solicitude of Comrade Premier, she got married and took up a more important post in the Party organ.

Her younger brother was provided with an opportunity to study at the college to his heart's content.

How can the loving care and deep trust of Comrade Premier be confined to Chung Son and her younger brother?

Those are also an expression of his great affection for and deep trust in all the comrades who came from the southern half and all the revolutionaries and patriotic people in the southern half who are now fighting against U.S. imperialism and its lackeys, the Pak Jung Hi hordes.

Immensely inspired by the great love and deep trust of Comrade Kim Il Sung, the fatherly Leader, Chung Son and her younger brother are making tireless efforts to arm themselves more thoroughly with his great revolutionary ideas and become revolutionary soldiers singleheartedly and infinitely loyal to him, taking to heart his teaching that they must not forget the southern half even for a moment but get themselves fully ready to go and work there at any time.

The National Reunification Programme Put Forward by Premier KIM IL SUNG Is Indeed the Correctest Programme for Realization of the Country's Reunification

South Korean People Strongly Call for Independent, Peaceful Reunification of the Country

☆

The south Korean people who express boundless veneration for Comrade Kim Il Sung, the great Leader of the revolution, are looking forward impatiently to the day when they will live a happy life under his leadership in a reunified fatherland of 3,000 *ri*, and they are now raising their powerful voice more than ever in enthusiastic support of the programme set forth by the Leader for the independent, peaceful reunification of the country, evincing their determination to resolutely fight for its materialization.

"South Korea Should Also Be Favoured with the Leadership of Premier Kim Il Sung As Early As Possible"

The south Korean people have been undergoing the bitterest miseries and sufferings for 26 years owing to the territorial partition and national split. Their ardent aspiration for the reunification of the country has become irresistible like a torrential stream which nothing can stem. Their hearts are now burning with this desire as furiously as an active volcano.

"The cause of reunification has not yet been accomplished though more than a quarter of one century has passed since the bisection of the territory, and the barrier that separated parents and brothers from each other still lies as ever. We can no longer tolerate this greatest tragedy of the nation." "The only way out is reunification."

These are the unisonous voices of all the south Korean people, which indicate their fervent aspiration and intense desire for national reunification.

Today the south Korean people say that there is no one but Marshal Kim Il Sung, the peerless hero of our nation, who can realize the burning desire of theirs. Here are a few instances of their remarks.

"The great leader who can save south Korea from the present dire straits is no one else than Marshal Kim Il Sung, the sun of our nation."

"South Korea should also be favoured with the leadership of Premier Kim Il Sung as early as possible. Only then we will be free from the shackles of oppression and be promised a happy future as well."

"The national reunification programme put forward by Premier Kim Il Sung is indeed the correctest programme for realization of the country's reunification."

A factory worker in South Kyongsang Province had this to say:

"Premier Kim Il Sung has opened up a bright vista for the reunification of the country, the long-cherished desire of the nation, and given us the conviction of victory and courage."

"There will be nothing more desirable if the north-south talks are brought to an early, successful conclusion so that the reunification of the country may be achieved and we may live happily under the leadership of the sagacious Leader in a reunified country."

All these patently show that the south Korean people, even in the teeth of ferocious suppression by bayonet, are longing eagerly for the warm bosom of the great Leader who sheds bright rays on them through darkness like the sunshine and that they are filled with the unshakable conviction that they will come under his wise leadership at the earliest date and only then can they enjoy a happy life in a reunified country.

"The Question of National Reunification Must Not Be Left in Others' Hands for Interference"

Already in the first days of the artificial division of the country by the U.S. imperialists' occupation of south Korea, Comrade Kim Il Sung, the great Leader of the revolution, put forward the fair and most reasonable reunification programme, a programme for realizing the peaceful reunification of the country by the Korean people themselves in a democratic way without any interference of outside forces following the withdrawal of the U.S. imperialist aggression troops from south Korea.

And now the south Korean people are raising ever higher their voice that the question of the country's reunification must not be left to outside forces but be solved by the internal forces of the nation.

A south Korean youth emphasized: "The question of the country's reunification is an internal affair of our nation and it has to be solved by our nation itself. For this purpose, outside forces should be rejected and the country be reunified with the internal forces of our nation." Another south Korean inhabitant stressed: "Our nation is a resourceful, civilized nation and is capable of skillfully settling its own affairs for itself."

Little wonder, therefore, the south Korean people say still more emphatically that in order to attain the independent, peaceful reunification of the country as soon as possible, the U.S. imperialist aggressor army, which keeps our country bisected and our nation split for 26 years, imposing all kinds of tragedy and calamities on us, must be driven out of south Korea above all.

A south Korean inhabitant stated as follows:

"The United States has been obstructing Korea's reunification for 26 years since liberation. The U.S. troops must withdraw from south Korea at the earliest date."

Saying that if the U.S. imperialist aggression army, which stands in the way of our reunification, had pulled out of south Korea, our national reunification would have been achieved long ago and our country would have developed into a rich and strong country, a south Korean intellectual stressed that "all the foreign troops must withdraw from south Korea unconditionally and the country's reunification be attained through negotiations between us Koreans."

The south Korean people manifest their determination, saying in unison: "Ours is a homogeneous nation. There is no reason why the same fellow countrymen should live separated from each other. It is the very Yankee devils who caused our national split." "We must pool our strength and knock down Yankee brutes, first of all. This alone will enable us to accomplish the cause of national reunification."

Further, the south Korean people denounce with towering wrath the traitorous Pak Jung Hi hordes, mangy stooges of U.S. imperialism, for their dependence on the outside forces for settlement of the internal affairs of the nation, and sternly condemn the treacherous crimes they have committed in persistently opposing the country's reunification.

A south Korean resident, who had an opportunity to visit Japan some time ago, said that "a corrupt government the like of which can hardly be seen anywhere else in the world" functions in south Korea, and he continued in an emphatic tone: "It is absolutely impossible that those who indulge in corruption and irregularities and pursue only personal fame and wealth would engage in politics in the interests of the country and the nation." "The Pak Jung Hi puppet regime must be overthrown also for national reunification."

"We Will Devotedly Fight for Reunification of the Country"

Today the people in south Korea are firmly resolved to fight more vigorously, deeply convinced that only when they follow the straight path of victory indicated by Marshal Kim Il Sung, the respected and beloved Leader, can the cause of the country's reunification be accomplished and their centuries-old desire, too, be realized.

South Korean revolutionaries, expressing their determination to intensify their struggle, say:

"Just as the anti-Japanese fighters had fought like phoenix in the indomitable spirit with which they regained their legs even though they tumbled down a hundred times, so we will continue to fight for the day when we will live happily in the warm bosom of Marshal Kim Il Sung, the respected and beloved Leader."

A resident in Seoul said that 'for the day when I will live in happiness in a reunified country under the leadership of Premier Kim Il Sung, the great sun of the nation, I will study and study his revolutionary ideas and devote myself to the revolutionary struggle." A student in Pusan stated that "I will bravely fight to the last drop of my blood to chase out the U.S. imperialists at the earliest date so that we young students in south Korea may also study happily in a reunified country under the leadership of the great Leader."

Recently a worker in Tongrae county in South Kyongsang Province, south Korea, even tried a "walking tour for reunification." He left Pusan with a plan to arrive in Chongjin of North Hamgyong Province (the northern half) within two months' time, carrying with him a flag symbolizing national reunification.

Such determination is not the case with those people alone.

In order to bring earlier the day when they, like the people in the northern half, will enjoy a happy life in the warm bosom of Comrade Kim Il Sung, the great Leader of the revolution and the sun of our nation, the entire south Korean people are keeping up a more dynamic struggle, following the straight path of the south Korean revolution and the cause of national reunification, a path indicated by the Leader.

By the united efforts of the entire people in north and south Korea, the tragedy of territorial partition and national split, which has lasted for 26 years due to the U.S. imperialists' occupation of south Korea, will be ended and the cause of independent, peaceful reunification of the country be accomplished without fail.

The only way we should follow is the path indicated by the Leader

(Continued from Page 2)

Korea for the peaceful reunification of the country.

All the fair and aboveboard proposals of the Government of our Republic for the independent, peaceful reunification of the country evoked warm support and response among the entire people of north and south Korea and enjoyed the unanimous support and sympathy of hundreds of millions of the people the world over.

But the south Korean puppet clique under the manipulation of U.S. imperialism, instead of responding to this, categorically turned down just proposals of the Government of the Republic and have further stepped up the frantic war preparations, opposing the peaceful reunification and raving about "reunification by prevailing over communism." Furthermore, they have recently proclaimed a "state of emergency" under the preposterous pretext of the non-existent "threat of southward aggression from the north" and rigged up the "law on special measures for national security" and many other draconic fascist laws, frantically intensifying the fascist repression of the south Korean people and the war rackets.

This means that the Pak Jung Hi puppet clique, tightly cornered, try to suppress the ever-growing tendency towards peaceful reunification among the south Korean people and frustrate contacts and negotiations between the north and the south and to bridge over a serious political and economic crisis past retrieve, find a way out of the blind alley and bolster up their crumbling puppet rule by clinging more tightly to the U.S. and Japanese aggressors. In pursuance of this criminal aim they are dragging on the preliminary talks between the Red Cross organizations of north and south Korea which opened for the first time in 26 years, undermining a growing atmosphere of peaceful reunification and entreating U.S. imperialism not to "reduce" its aggressor troops occupying south Korea, while conspiring closer with the Japanese militarists and openly scheming to leave south Korea completely to the Japanese militarists.

The south Korean rulers must look straight at today's reality and realize that times have changed.

The south Korean rulers must renounce the outdated way of thinking they are following now, put an end to the sordid trickery of trampling under foot the interests of the nation and accept the fair and aboveboard proposals of the Government of the Republic for peaceful reunification, keeping pace with the historical trend. This is the only way of redeeming themselves from the grave crimes they have committed against the country and the nation and of extricating themselves from ruin.

If the south Korean puppet clique do not respond to us in spite of the patient efforts of the Government of our Republic, but keep following the road of betraying the nation while resorting to fascist suppression and war rackets, they will ruin themselves amid the curse and denunciation of the people, without redeeming themselves from their treacherous crimes against the country and the nation forever.

At this very moment when the respected and beloved Leader, Marshal Kim Il Sung, the great sun of our nation, opened a way for redeeming the crimes of traitors, the south Korean rulers must come to their senses, take a right stand for the interests of the nation and the peaceful reunification of the country and find a way of regeneration.

The south Korean people should warmly support the line of the independent, peaceful reunification of the country illumined by the great Leader, Marshal Kim Il Sung, in his New Year address, actively fight for its realization and raise higher the flames of the struggle against the U.S. and Japanese aggressors and their lackeys who hamper the peaceful reunification of the country.

Along with this, the south Korean people should fight against the military fascist tyranny and war rackets of the Pak Jung Hi puppet clique and for the immediate withdrawal of the "state of emergency" and more stubbornly fight to throw the "law on special measures for national security" and all other fascist evil laws into fire and win democratic freedom and rights.

Today the U.S. imperialists are resorting to criminal manoeuvres to provoke a new war of aggression with a brigandish ambition to invade the whole of Korea, and the Japanese militarists are further intensifying their reinvasion of south Korea while making full preparations to participate in a war of aggression against our country.

The entire Korean nation should firmly unite under the banner of the defence of the country and independent reunification irrespective of political and ideological differences, wage an active struggle for driving the U.S. imperialist aggressors out of south Korea and smashing the reinvasion of the Japanese militarists and further intensify the nation-wide struggle for achieving the peaceful reunification of the country independently by the Korean people themselves without any outside interference.

The historic cause of national reunification will certainly be accomplished by the Korean people who are rallied firm around Marshal Kim Il Sung, the great Leader of the entire Korean people, peerless patriot, national hero, ever-victorious iron-willed brilliant commander and one of the outstanding leaders of the international communist movement and working-class movement, and who are vigorously fighting on along the one road of victory indicated by him.

Invincible Is the Just Struggle of the Chongryon and Koreans in Japan Advancing under the Banner of the Immortal Juche Idea

The Editorial of Choson Sinbo

Choson Sinbo, an organ of the General Association of Korean Residents in Japan, carried in its January 3 issue an editorial headlined: "Let us develop all work of the Chongryon on to higher plane in hearty response to the New Year address of Marshal Kim Il Sung, the great Leader, and to his teaching given in the New Year message."

Significantly greeting the New Year 1972, a historic year which will see the 60th birthday of Marshal Kim Il Sung, the respected and beloved Leader, the greatest jubilee of our nation, and which will be adorned with victory and glory, the Chongryon functionaries and Koreans in Japan, first of all, cordially wish a long life to the great Leader who always leads the Korean people to victory and glory, happiness and prosperity and shows every possible paternal care for the compatriots in Japan, the editorial wrote.

The Chongryon functionaries and compatriots in Japan, having learned of the New Year address of the fatherly Leader and his New Year message, are filled with an adamant determination to wholeheartedly remain loyal to the Leader for ever and make his immortal *Juche* idea shine with greater brilliance, the editorial noted.

Referring to the proud achievements the Chongryon attained last year in the struggle for thoroughly implementing the tasks set forth by the respected and beloved Leader in his programmatic report to the Fifth Congress of the Workers' Party of Korea and the teaching given in his message of greetings to the Ninth Congress of Chongryon, the editorial pointed out that these achievements are a resplendent victory of the invincible *Juche* idea of the respected and beloved Leader and a precious fruition of his wise leadership and paternal solicitude.

The last year's experiences of the Chongryon functionaries and compatriots in Japan clearly show that they can shatter whatever manoeuvres of the enemies within and without and score great successes, when they come out as one in the struggle to carry through the teachings of the Leader and the decision of the Chongryon, their embodiment, following the banner of the *Juche* idea of the great Leader and firmly rallying around Chairman Han Dok Su, the editorial wrote.

The editorial put a stress on the patriotic work which the entire Chongryon functionaries and compatriots in Japan are to carry out this year in hearty response to the New Year address of the great Leader, Marshal Kim Il Sung, and his New Year message to Chairman

(Continued on Page 5)

A Year of Great Advance for South Korean Revolution and National Reunification

Review of South Korean Situation in 1971

1971 was a year of struggle in which the south Korean people vigorously waged the anti-U.S., anti-puppet struggle, more deeply adoring the respected and beloved Leader, Comrade Kim Il Sung, as the sun of the nation, under the uplifted banner of his great *Juche* idea, the banner of struggle and victory, and a year in which a great advance was made along the road of the south Korean revolution and national reunification.

Comrade Kim Il Sung, the respected and beloved Leader, taught:

"The south Korean people, encouraged by the successes gained by the northern half of the Republic, are carrying on a staunch struggle to overthrow the military fascist dictatorship of the U.S. imperialists and their lackeys, shatter the reinvasion scheme of the Japanese militarists and attain freedom, liberation and the reunification of the fatherland and are dealing a heavier blow at the colonial rule of the U.S. imperialists."

Last year, the people in south Korea waged various struggles vigorously for the right to existence and democratic freedom, for national liberation and the reunification of the country following the straight path of the south Korean revolution and national reunification indicated by Marshal Kim Il Sung.

Along the Course Indicated by the Great Leader

One of the most important features of the struggle of the south Korean people against the U.S. imperialists and their stooges last year is that the great *Juche* idea of the Leader was widely disseminated among broad sections of the people and, accordingly, the ardent feeling of reverence for the Leader grew as never before.

The south Korean revolutionaries, firmly armed with the revolutionary ideas of the great Leader, Marshal Kim Il Sung, energetically carried on the work of expanding and strengthening the organization of the Revolutionary Party for Reunification with his *Juche* idea as its guiding idea even in the teeth of brutal suppression by bayonet, while continuously carrying out the mass political work for explaining and propagating among the broad masses the *Juche* idea of the Leader and its embodiment—the line and policy on the south Korean revolution and national reunification.

South Korean revolutionaries of various professions including peasants, teachers, company employees, merchants, architects and "public servants" built up organizations of the Revolutionary Party for Reunification in North and South Cholla Provinces and rallied around the Party the broad masses and explained and propagated among the masses the report delivered by the Leader at the historic Fifth Congress of our Party and "Kim Il Sung: Biography" containing his glorious and brilliant revolutionary history. Such revolutionary activities were also carried out by revolutionaries in Pohang, Ulsan, Kyongju, Taegu, and other parts of North and South Kyongsang Provinces and in Seoul, Pusan, Ryosu, Puyo and other places. These are just a few examples.

The work of introducing and propagating the revolutionary idea of the Leader was actively conducted not only by the south Korean revolutionaries but by patriotic and progressive personages of various circles.

The great *Juche* idea of the Leader was widely explained and disseminated among the people by the south Korean revolutionaries and patriotic people through publications, oral propaganda and various other means.

Through the intensified activities of the south Korean revolutionaries and patriotic people in explaining and propagating the great revolutionary idea of the Leader, ardent veneration for him became irresistible among the south Korean people.

In the past year, the spirit opposing the nation-splitting machinations of the U.S. imperialists and the Pak Jung Hi clique, their stooges, and calling for national reunification was heightened in south Korea.

Well aware through the experiences of their bitter life over the last 26 years that "reunification under the UN supervision" and "reunification by prevailing over communism" noisily advertised by the U.S. imperialists and their stooges lead to aggression and treachery, the south Korean people raised high their voice advocating the independent, peaceful reunification of the fatherland.

Particularly, with the opening of the talks between the north and south Korean Red Cross organizations which was possible as a result of the persevering efforts of our Party and the DPRK Government for the independent, peaceful reunification of the fatherland, the aspiration for rejoining the severed blood ties of the compatriots and realizing interchange between the north and the south and achieving the peaceful reunification of the country mounted as furiously as a flame.

This proved a heavy blow to the criminal plot of the Pak Jung Hi puppet clique to buttress the tottering foundation of their rule in south Korea while persistently obstructing the reunification of the country, and it was an event of essential significance in the development of the south Korean situation last year.

Ever-rising Struggle, Enemy's Rule Shaken to Its Very Foundation

In 1971, the discontent and resistance of the south Korean people against the U.S. and Japanese aggressors and the traitorous Pak Jung Hi clique rose to a new high in south Korea, spreading in a flame of violent struggle.

The south Korean people kept up massive struggles against the U.S. imperialist aggressors who, illegally occupying south Korea and lording it over there, resort to national insult, plunder and barbarous murder and against reinvasion by the Japanese militarists who are stretching their crooked hands of aggression deep into south Korea under the patronage of the U.S. imperialists.

The south Korean students and people raised the flames of the massive struggle from April last year all over south Korea, holding aloft the banner of struggle against fascism and for democracy.

Participating in the struggle were students and people of all strata—the men of the press, college and university teachers, men of culture and religious believers.

The massive struggle of the south Korean students and people was a struggle against fascism and for democracy, for achieving academic freedom and democratization of social and political life against the military fascist dictatorship and a just patriotic struggle against the war policy and nation-splitting manoeuvres of the U.S. imperialists and their stooges and for the independent, peaceful reunification of the country. It extensively demonstrated the unbreakable fighting spirit and patriotic spirit of the south Korean students and people and struck a hard blow at the aggressors and traitors.

The workers' struggle for the right to existence and immediate improvement of livelihood also surged to a new high.

The struggle of the workers, peasants and other strata of people for the right to existence went on vigorously, assuming the nature of an uprising as the plunder, exploitation and oppression by the U.S. imperialists and their stooges became more brutal than ever before.

The struggle for the right to existence, democratic freedom and the reunification of the country which was waged in south Korea last year with all vehemence, is a natural result of the U.S. imperialists' policy of aggression and the treacherous policy of their stooges the Pak Jung Hi clique, and it has shaken their colonial fascist rule to its very foundation.

Reinforced Military Fascist Dictatorship, Stepped-up Preparations for New War

Comrade Kim Il Sung, the respected and beloved Leader, said:

"Today the U.S. imperialists are making every frantic effort to cope with the crisis of their colonial rule and the Pak Jung Hiites, their puppets, are compelled to keep south Korea in a state of siege all the time."

The Pak Jung Hi puppet clique sought in reinforced military fascist dictatorship and stepped-up preparations for the provocation of a new war a way out of the deepening crisis of the colonial fascist rule in south Korea.

The Pak Jung Hi clique, the faithful stooges of the U.S. imperialists, ran riot all along in intensifying suppression of the people and war preparations last year, crying out for "reinforcement of the national security system," "perfection of the combat position" and so forth from the beginning of the year.

Meanwhile, the U.S. imperialists egged the Japanese militarists with greater zeal on to reinvasion of south Korea to prop up the crumbling colonial rule in south Korea and speed up the preparations for the provocation of a war and the Japanese militarists obsessed with wild ambition for reaggression on Korea feverishly stepped up their reinvasion of south Korea, patronized by the U.S. imperialists and ushered in by the traitorous Pak Jung Hi clique.

The Japanese militarists' moves last year for staging a comeback to south Korea clearly indicate that they are getting more feverish in their drive for carrying their aggressive designs into practice by zealously taking a hand in the U.S. imperialists' manoeuvres in south Korea for the provocation of a new war and shoring up the Pak Jung Hi clique who are floundering in the mire, isolated from, and rejected by the people.

To prolong their remaining days which are numbered, the Pak Jung Hi clique, the traitors to the nation, have on the one hand begged for the permanent occupation of south Korea by the U.S. imperialist aggressor forces and actively ensured by their treacheries the intrusion of Japanese militarism into south Korea and on the other have madly manoeuvred to strengthen the system of the military fascist dictatorship.

One of the clear manifestations of this is that the Pak Jung Hi clique faked up his "third-term election to presidency" by "election" rigging unprecedented in history with the general mobilization of force—troops, police, special agents and terrorists—and squander of money exceeding 100,000 million won.

To maintain and consolidate their fascist dictatorial regime, the Pak Jung Hi clique made no scruples of repressing the people, keeping south Korea constantly under de facto martial law by issuing "emergency alert order," "garrison decree" and "emergency security order" all the year round.

While brutally murdering and repressing south Korean revolutionaries, the fascist gang barbarously cracked down time and again upon the south Korean students and people who demanded academic freedom and democratization of social and political life.

But such repressive acts of the Pak Jung Hi puppet clique could not put down the anti-fascist struggle of the people and their sentiments for reunification nor could prove a remedy for saving the puppets from the tight fix. Driven into worse straits, the Pak Jung Hi clique proclaimed a "state of emergency" early in December with a hue and cry over non-existent, fictitious "threat of southward aggression" and are kicking up a row for turning south Korean society into a more horrible land of darkness under the sway of bayonets.

Following the proclamation of the "state of emergency," traitor Pak Jung Hi went so far as to fabricate a "special law on measures for national security" the main point of which is to grant to this rascal the "extraordinary right" in an attempt to set up an undisguised system of military fascist suppression. This indicates that the ruffians have gone to extremes, in the literal sense of the words, in their fascist hysteria.

The war racket and fascist rampage staged by the U.S. imperialists and the Pak Jung Hi puppet clique in south Korea in the past year well show how desperately the gangsters are trying to save themselves from the impending doom.

The respected and beloved Leader, Comrade Kim Il Sung, taught us:

"Just as U.S. imperialism and its lackeys are unable to obstruct the revolution and construction in the northern half, so they cannot impede the progress and triumph of the revolutionary movement in south Korea nor block the path ahead of the Korean people in their struggle for the reunification of the country."

By no means can the Pak Jung Hi clique, the stooges of the U.S. imperialists, bar the revolutionary advance of the south Korean people or deliver themselves from the daily worsening predicament.

The military fascist rampage and war clamour of the Pak Jung Hi clique are an offspring of their own crisis and this predicts their own doom.

The Pak Jung Hi puppet clique are totally isolated from the south Korean people and are undergoing a serious political crisis, the conflicts and contradictions growing acute within the ruling circles, and they are facing an acute crisis in the economy, too.

National industry is going to rack and ruin, agriculture is taking backward steps and the people have been driven to the bottom of destitution. This is an inevitable outcome of the criminal, anti-popular policy of the Pak Jung Hi puppet clique who are commandeering the manpower and material resources of south Korea for war purposes, bucking the colonial enslavement policy and war policy of the U.S. imperialists.

The smaller enterprises representing the national industry of south Korea have also gone bankrupt. Nearly 1,600 of them in Seoul cut or suspended their operation in the first 8 months last year. Crops failing so miserably last year, south Korea had to import over 3.5 million tons of grain, or over one million tons above the previous year's import.

Last year the south Korean economy bound in bondage to foreign monopoly capital ran into a stupendous amount of debt to the tune of 5,000 million dollars and trade deficit had reached 1,500 million dollars by the end of October. The money supply swelled by 49,000 million won in November as against 1970 and prices jumped 30 per cent in the first six months of 1971.

In face of the catastrophic crisis of the south Korean economy that swept not only industry and agriculture but also finance and commerce and all other domains of the economy the puppets screamed: "Our economy is now in a difficult condition." This is placing the living of the south Korean people under a more miserable condition and deepening the social unrest and confusion.

The Pak Jung Hi clique are further isolated internationally.

The Pak Jung Hi clique have been driven to such a bay at home and abroad and seized with such an extreme uneasiness that even the puppet prime minister, a scoundrel, had to confess that "the internal and external situations are creating many difficulties."

The Pak Jung Hi clique are resorting to naked military fascist dictatorship after proclaiming "state of emergency."

This is a fit caused by this uneasiness and death-bed frenzy for finding a way out.

The fascist rampage of the Pak Jung Hi clique will only further aggravate the social contradictions in south Korea and rouse the people to a vehement resistance and struggle and make traitor Pak Jung Hi a poorer orphan internationally. This is clearly borne out by the fact that the public opinion at home and abroad is unanimously denouncing the Pak Jung Hi clique for their proclamation of the "state of emergency."

No force can stem the general trend of the situation.

The doom of the U.S. imperialists and the Pak Jung Hi traitors, their stooges, is inevitable. It is approaching faster as the time flows.

The south Korean people marching forward under the uplifted banner of the invincible revolutionary idea, the *Juche* idea, of the great Leader, Comrade Kim Il Sung, will surely beat down the enemy and win brilliant victory in the just struggle for freedom and liberation and for the reunification of the country.

Kim Jong Shin

South Korean workers resolutely fight, carrying a placard with the words: "Give us back wages!"

Young students in Seoul put up a stubborn struggle against militarization and fascistization of schools

Poverty-stricken peasants and inhabitants in Kwangju county, Kyonggi Province, rise in riot against vicious plunder by the Pak Jung Hi puppet gang

The Proclamation of "State of Emergency" by the Pak Jung Hi Gang Is Bound to Come to Grief

Dastardly Act of Cadging a Few More Weapons and Dollars from Masters

South Korean People Denounce Pak Jung Hi Puppet Clique

According to a report from Seoul on January 6, Seoul citizens say that "the present rulers are rotten to the core."

This denunciation is directed at the Pak Jung Hi puppet clique who proclaimed a "state of emergency" and are intensifying internally the barbarous suppression of the people and war racket and scheming externally to prolong their remaining days with the backing of the U.S. and Japanese masters.

Particularly, the people deride and denounce the Pak Jung Hi puppet clique who try to find a way for remaining in office for a long term and prolonging their remaining days by the dastardly act of deceiving public opinion and cadging even a few more weapons and a few more dollars from their masters through the noisy clamouring about the non-existent "threat of southward aggression."

In this connection, the Seoul citizens, the report says, brought to light the fact that the "proclamation of a state of emergency" by the Pak Jung Hi puppet clique "is designed to prolong their regime."

The report adds: voices are also ringing out from among public circles, disclosing the fact that the Pak Jung Hi puppet clique are hastening preparations to "take shelter abroad," trembling with uneasiness and fear for their total isolation from and repudiation by the people.

These facts substantiate that though the Pak Jung Hi puppet clique tried to find a way out by frightening the people and more harshly suppressing them through the proclamation of a "state of emergency," their trick only evoked stronger denunciation and protest among the people.

Flurried by such developments, the Pak Jung Hi puppet clique are running wild in desperation.

The scoundrels, irritated by such voices of denunciation of Seoul citizens, arrested 15 citizens of all walks of life in the last few days alone in Chongro District, West Gate District and other districts of the city on charges of "spreading groundless rumours" and put them to bestial torture. It is reported that the scoundrels are resorting to such desperate "retaliation" in Taejon and other places of south Korea.

With no suppression, however, can the Pak Jung Hi puppet clique call a halt to the ever intensified struggle of the people who oppose and repudiate them.

According to reports, Radio Pathet Lao said that the "state of emergency" proclaimed recently by the Pak Jung Hi gang clearly revealed their fear and bellicose nature. The present tension in Korea has been caused by the Pak Jung Hi clique, it added.

A recent issue of the Soviet weekly journal **New Times** carrying the gist of a statement of the Foreign Ministry of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea issued in denunciation of the war preparations of the south Korean puppet clique pointed to the justifiable efforts made by the Government of the DPRK for the attainment of the peaceful reunification of the country. The din of "state of emergency" raised by the Pak Jung Hi puppet bandits is nothing but a hopeless attempt to shore up their tottering foundations in south Korea on the pretext of the so-called "threat from the north," it added.

Hopeless Attempt to Shore Up Tottering Foundations

Broad World Public Circles Lash Out at Pak Jung Hi Gang

A recent issue of the Hungarian paper **Nepsabadsag** sharply denounced the Pak Jung Hi clique who proclaimed a "state of emergency" by faking up the fictitious "threat of southward aggression." It stressed that the proclamation of the "state of emergency" was aimed at stamping out the free activities of the south Korean workers and students.

A recent issue of the Bulgarian paper **Rabotnichesko Delo** in an article lambasting the Pak Jung Hi clique's proclamation of the so-called "state of emergency" said: puppet Pak Jung Hi employed this "tactics" each time he wanted to shift the responsibility for their hostile acts disturbing peace in Korea onto others. The hue and cry over the so-called "threat from the north" is a foolish attempt to placate the daily growing discontent of the south Korean people with the dictatorship of the south Korean puppet clique and divert their attention elsewhere.

A recent issue of the Yugoslav paper **Borba** wrote that the din of "state of emergency" kicked up by the Pak Jung Hi puppet clique on the pretext of the fictitious "threat of southward aggression" is an "entirely unfounded ridiculous act." This is nothing but a ruse to put down the anti-U.S., anti-puppet struggle daily mounting among the south Korean people, it added.

A recent issue of the U.S. newspaper **Washington Post** said that "there was no sign of imminent north Korean invasion." It stressed that the "powers" which traitor Pak Jung Hi claimed proclaiming the "state of emergency" were to stuff the mouth of the press and impose his personal rule.

A recent issue of the French paper **Le monde** said that the political, social and economic situation of south Korea led the Pak Jung Hi clique to proclaim a "state of emergency" and these internal and external anxieties undoubtedly can explain why the Red Cross talks at Panmunjom are marking time.

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14th Meeting of Preliminary Talks between North and South Korean Red Cross Organizations Held

1971 is gone, the significant year when the first road of contact and dialogue was opened up across the barrier between the north and the south 26 years after the split of the country, and 1972 has come, the new year full of hope when the gate to national reunification is seen nearer. And on January 10 the preliminary talks between the north and south Korean Red Cross organizations resumed its work at the proposal of our side.

The agenda of the full-dress talks, which had been discussed at the previous meetings of the preliminary talks last year, was taken up at 14th meeting of the preliminary talks which opened amid the great expectation and concern of the compatriots of the north and the south who rose up in a vigorous struggle to bring earlier the day of national reunification, confidently seeing its bright prospect in the historic New Year address of Comrade Kim Il Sung, the great Leader of our Party and the entire Korean people.

As to the question of agenda of the full-dress talks, the side of the Red Cross Society of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea has shown all sincerity in its discussion after putting forward most reasonable proposals including free visit between the north and the south, which can broadly alleviate the sufferings of the fellow countrymen living separated in the north and the south and contribute to breaking the state of freeze between the north and the south which has been kept for 26 years and reunifying the country in a peaceful way. But this question has been carried over to another year unsolved, as the south Korean side refused to accept them under all absurd pretexts.

Opening the meeting, Kim Tae Hui, head of the delegation of our side, referred to the tragic situation in which our people, due to the split of the country, were unable to exchange even New Year's cards, far from visiting their parents, relatives and friends to offer best wishes, living in their own country and their own land, though the peoples of other countries exchanged New Year's cards and messages not only among themselves but with foreigners across continents and oceans, ringing in the New Year. Now the fatherland and people solemnly demand a final end to this history of national tragedies and the shaping of a new history of a reunified fatherland.

In the New Year, he said, we should bring to a conclusion the discussion of the question of agenda now at a deadlock and open the full-dress talks at the earliest possible date, by steering the talks with ardent compatriotic love and from a high national position.

The head of the delegation of our side again explained at the meeting held that day the validity of the new proposals of our side on the agenda of the full-dress talks, particularly the necessity of free visit between the families and relatives living separated in the north and the south. It largely depends upon the realization of free visit between the families and relatives living split between the north and the south whether their sufferings would be lessened quickly, broadly and practically, he said, and continued:

To our people who have been living separated in the north and the south for 27 years now, the question of free visit is one of the most preferential and fundamental requests in lessening the sufferings of the people caused by territorial division and normalising life.

Particularly, the free visit between the families and relatives split in the north and the south is an urgent question the solution of which brooks not a moment's delay under the present conditions of our country.

Only after this fundamental and primary question is solved, the rest of the question can be solved.

Hence, the delegation of the Red Cross Society of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea believes that to realize free visit is a question of principle of essential significance in easing the sufferings of the families and relatives living separated in the north and the south and strongly demands that it should be included in the agenda of the full-dress talks under all circumstances, the head of the delegation of our side stressed.

Exposing the absurdity of the proposals of the south Korean side, he refuted its illogical arguments one by one.

Noting that the south Korean side refuses to include free visit in the agenda of the full-dress talks arguing it is a question of "method" of realizing mutual visit, the head of the delegation of our side said that this is nothing but a pretext to bar the free visit demanded by the people.

Free visit is not a "method" of realizing mutual visit, but is a lawful demand of the specific conditions of our country whose territory is partitioned and it is a question of principle of fundamental significance in alleviating the sufferings of our nation living split in the north and the south, he pointed out, and said:

Unless the way for free travel is paved, mutual visit is nothing but an idle talk and is practically impossible.

The assertion of the south Korean side that the Red Cross can use its good offices only in "travel with a clear humanitarian purpose" is, in the final analysis, no more than a phrase invented for excluding free visit and absolutizing mutual visit, he said. What else can have humanitarian purpose, if free visit does not have it, he asked.

He held that free visit would make a great contribution beyond the reach of "mutual visit" to alleviating the sufferings of the fellow countrymen separated from each other in the north and the south and laying a stepping stone for the reunification of the fatherland.

The Red Cross organizations have no right whatsoever to restrict the freedom of travel between the families and relatives torn apart from each other in the north and the south and any "argument" of the south Korean side for ruling out their free travel cannot be helpful to the progress of the talks, he said.

The head of the delegation of our side demanded the south Korean side to accept the new proposals of our side including free visit, asking it time and again why it opposes free visit when all the fellow countrymen in the north and the south unanimously desire it and why it is bad to realize it.

Despite the consistent, sincere efforts of our side for adopting an agenda of the full-dress talks conforming to the interests of the compatriots of the north and the south, no progress was made in the discussion of the question at the meeting owing to the untenable attitude of the south Korean side.

This absurd attitude of the south Korean side in the discussion of the agenda of the full-dress talks is diametrically contrary to the expectation of the entire people of north and south Korea who unanimously desire to see an early success of the talks and, furthermore, it cannot be construed otherwise than linked with the vicious schemes of the U.S. imperialists and the Pak Jung Hi puppet clique who proclaimed a "state of emergency" in south Korea and are putting down the sentiments for peaceful reunification daily growing among the people and are running amuck in war rackets against the northern half of the Republic.

The two sides agreed upon having the 15th meeting of the preliminary talks on January 19.

After the meeting both delegations took a rest together in the common rest place arranged in the lounge of the Neutral Nations Supervisory Commission.

We Warmly Salute 16th Anniversary of Formation of the Laotian Patriotic Front

Today the Laotian people greet the 16th anniversary of the formation of the Laotian Patriotic Front in the thick of the anti-U.S., national-salvation struggle.

On this occasion the Korean people send warm congratulations and militant greetings to the Laotian people who are courageously fighting on along the one road of the anti-imperialist, anti-U.S. joint struggle.

The formation of the Laotian Patriotic Front on January 6, 1956 was a priceless fruition of the protracted struggle of the Laotian people against the foreign imperialist aggressors and the domestic reactionaries in league with them and for the country's complete independence and national liberation, and it was a great event of epochal significance in the history of the Laotian people.

Over the past 16 years that followed its formation, the Laotian Patriotic Front headed by Chairman Souphanouvong has correctly led the Laotian people to deal heavy blows, military and political, at the U.S.-led imperialists and their stooges, liberate two-thirds of the territory inhabited by more than a half of the total population and further reinforce the liberated areas politically, economically and militarily. Today, too, the Laotian people have won great victories in their battle for liberating in succession many areas and strategic points occupied by the enemy.

The Korean people sincerely rejoice over, as over their own, all the achievements which the Laotian people have attained in their anti-U.S., national-salvation struggle.

U.S. imperialism and its stooges, instead of drawing the lesson from their defeat, are now keeping on the armed invasion of the south Laos and intensifying brutal bombing on its liberated areas while making frenzied efforts to pursue the "new Asia policy" of "making Indochinese fight Indochinese" under the signboard of the notorious "Nixon doctrine."

U.S. imperialism is precisely the fiendish aggressor, the atrocious cutthroat and the most heinous enemy of the Laotian people.

No matter what cruel machinations they may resort to, the U.S. imperialists can never subdue the Laotian people who, firmly rallied around the Laotian Patriotic Front, are rising up as one in the anti-U.S., national-salvation struggle.

The anti-U.S., national-salvation struggle of the Laotian people is the just struggle for national independence and liberation and peace and security of Indochina and Asia. It enjoys the active support from the world people.

Comrade Kim Il Sung, the respected and beloved Leader of the entire Korean people, declared: **"The Korean people trenchantly denounce the U.S. imperialists for their armed intervention in Laos and actively support the Laotian people in their just struggle for national independence."** ("The Democratic People's Republic of Korea Is the Banner of Freedom and Independence for Our People and the Powerful Weapon of Building Socialism and Communism," p. 73.)

The Korean people will bend all efforts to give an active support and encouragement to the fraternal Laotian people till they win an ultimate victory in their anti-U.S., national-salvation struggle.

The Korean people firmly believe that the heroic Laotian people will surely achieve the final victory in their struggle for fighting down U.S. imperialism and its stooges and building a peaceful, prospering, neutral, democratic, unified and independent Laos.

The combatants of the Laotian People's Liberation Army give telling blows to the enemy

The Editorial of Choson Sinbo

(Continued from Pape 3)

Han Dok Su.

Pointing out that the New Year 1972 is a historic year which will witness above all the 60th birthday of Marshal Kim Il Sung, the great Leader of the revolution and benevolent father of our people, the greatest national jubilee of the entire Korean people, the editorial said that the Chongryon should make a greater contribution to the cause of national reunification by developing all its work on to a higher stage.

Upholding with their whole heart the teaching of Marshal Kim Il Sung, the respected and beloved Leader, that **"To solidly build up its organization and score greater successes in its patriotic activities, Chongryon should take as the only guiding idea the great *Juche* idea of our Party, whose justness and invincible vitality have been clearly confirmed through the whole course of the Korean revolution and the movement of Koreans in Japan, and embody it thoroughly in all fields,"** the Chongryon functionaries and compatriots in Japan should arm themselves more thoroughly with the Leader's great revolutionary idea, *Juche* idea, before anything else so that the Chongryon organizations may be pervaded throughout with the *Juche* idea, the editorial emphasized, and pointed out:

The Chongryon organization should smash the dastardly machinations and intrigues of a handful of factionalists and renegades, rally all its functionaries, Korean traders and industrialists and fellow countrymen of all other strata more closely around the respected and beloved Leader, Marshal Kim Il Sung, and decisively strengthen the unity and cohesion of its ranks with Chairman Han Dok Su as the centre.

The editorial went on:

An important task on which the Chongryon should concentrate this year is to accelerate in every way the independent, peaceful reunification of the country and strengthen internationl solidarity with the Japanese people of all strata and the world people while opposing the unjustifiable national persecution and insult by the Japanese reactionaries and to firmly defend all the democratic, national rights of the compatriots in Japan.

The editorial emphasized in conclusion:

The Chongryon functionaries and compatriots in Japan should strive to make the year 1972 a year in which they burn with intense loyalty to Marshal Kim Il Sung, the respected and beloved Leader, and a year of progress in which they make a greater contribution to making the 1970's a glorious decade of national reunification by embodying the great *Juche* idea more thoroughly in the movement of Koreans in Japan. Only victory and glory are in store for the Chongryon and compatriots in Japan that forge ahead, upholding the wise leadership of the great Leader and following the banner of the invincible *Juche* idea.

(KNS—KCNA)

At 326th MAC Meeting

The U.S. Imperialists and Pak Jung Hi Puppet Clique Must Act with Discretion

The 326th meeting of the Military Armistice Commission was held on January 4 at Panmunjom at the proposal of our side. At the meeting, Major General Han Yong Ok, Senior Member of our side, denounced the criminal act of the U.S. imperialist aggressors in deliberately delaying the meeting for 11 days under an unwarranted pretext. And he lodged a stern protest with the enemy side against various grave military provocations ceaselessly perpetrated by the U.S. imperialists and the Pak Jung Hi puppet clique against our side of late from the sky and ground in gross violation of the Armistice Agreement, and called the enemy side to account for them.

On December 17 and January 2, the U.S. imperialist aggressors infiltrated three times a high-speed, high-altitude reconnaissance plane "SR-71" based in Okinawa deep into the territorial air of the northern half of the Republic to conduct aggressive air reconnaissance and hostile acts.

The Pak Jung Hi puppet clique illegally introduced a 57 mm recoilless gun and various other heavy and automatic weapons again into the Demilitarized Zone and mobilized many puppet troops around 12 hours December 25 to fire hundreds of bullets at a post of our People's Army from a 12.7 mm large-calibre machine-gun. Besides, the rascals perpetrated the provocative acts of firing many shells and bullets into the area of our side on many occasions.

As was reported, on December 17 the U.S. imperialist aggressors introduced more armed personnel than the designated number into the joint security area at a time when the 13th meeting of the preliminary talks between the Red Cross organizations of north and south Korea was going on and instigated hooligans of the U.S. imperialist aggressor army and gangsters disguised as newsmen to perpetrate grave provocative acts five times for hampering the activities of security personnel and reporters of our side.

At dawn December 30, the Pak Jung Hi puppet clique infiltrated an armed spy disguised in People's Army uniform and carrying poison, various lethal weapons and espionage apparatuses into the area of our side in the Demilitarized Zone southeast of Tongchang-ri in the western sector of the front.

The Senior Member of our side fully exposed the violations of the Armistice Agreement by the U.S. imperialists and the Pak Jung Hi puppet clique.

The Pak Jung Hi puppet clique, with the backing of the U.S. imperialist aggressors, are illegally shipping into south Korea new-type military equipment and various weapons of mass destruction without letup, newly building and expanding military establishments and military bases in different parts of south Korea, beefing up the south Korean puppet armed forces, speeding up the "modernization" of equipment of the puppet army and mobilizing large numbers of puppet troops to stage large-scale military exercises and kick up war rackets.

The U.S. imperialists dispatched warlike bosses to south Korea to hold war confabs for further perfecting the "U.S.-Japan-south Korea joint operation" in south Korea.

Last year the Pak Jung Hi puppet clique fired over 127,900 bullets and shells against our side on more than 550 occasions.

The Pak Jung Hi puppet clique also infiltrated over 330 spies and saboteurs into the area of the northern half of the Republic on 79 occasions. Those shot dead by the self-defence measures of our side alone numbered over 100.

Last year the U.S. imperialist aggressors sent military aircraft including the high-speed, high-altitude reconnaissance plane "SR-71" based in Okinawa into the territorial air of our side on more than 20 occasions to conduct military espionage and hostile acts.

Besides, the U.S. imperialists and Pak Jung Hi puppet clique perpetrated various provocative acts on over 290 occasions last year alone.

Cases of violation of the Armistice Agreement by the U.S. imperialists and the Pak Jung Hi puppet clique last year numbered over 11,820, only counting those against which our side protested to the enemy side.

The U.S. imperialist aggressors also continuously committed criminal acts to paralyze the function of the Military Armistice Commission and its subordinate organs by obstructing the convocation of meetings proposed by our side and hampering the discussion of problems with useless jawing as a link in their manoeuvres for the provocation of a new war.

The Senior Member of our side denounced the Pak Jung Hi puppet clique for proclaiming the so-called "state of national emergency" and running amuck in the adventurous new war provocation manoeuvres.

Facts show with all clarity that the U.S. imperialist aggressors and the Pak Jung Hi puppet clique are desperately scheming to ignite a new war of aggression in Korea, the Senior Member of our side stressed.

If the U.S. imperialist aggressors and the Pak Jung Hi puppet clique persistently run the risk of igniting a reckless war of aggression against our people despite the repeated warnings of our side, the heroic Korean people and the Korean People's Army, their invincible revolutionary armed forces, will wipe out the aggressors once and for all in this land, Major General Han Yong Ok, Senior Member of our side, said with emphasis. He warned: The U.S. imperialist aggressors and the Pak Jung Hi puppet clique must look straight at today's reality and act with discretion.

Pak Jung Hi Puppet Troops Commit Armed Provocations in Succession along Military Demarcation Line, Entering New Year

The Pak Jung Hi puppet troops who are rapidly intensifying armed provocations these days in the area along the Military Demarcation Line repeatedly committed grave armed provocations on January 5. They fired large-calibre machine-guns into the area of our side in the Demilitarized Zone south of Suchong-ri in the eastern sector of the front at 11:40 and, following this, fired hundreds of bullets again from large-calibre machine-guns at 18:10 at a post of our People's Army southwest of Mt. Osong-san in the central sector of the front, the very place where they perpetrated an armed provocation on January 4.

The Pak Jung Hi puppet clique again mobilised puppet troops in a vicious armed provocation from 5:50 p.m. on January 6, firing hundreds of large-calibre machine-gun bullets towards a post of our People's Army in the area southwest of Mt. Osong-san in the central sector of the front, the very spot where they had perpetrated armed provocations on the previous two days.

Thus the Pak Jung Hi puppet clique have committed four cases of armed provocations against the northern half of the Republic on the Military Demarcation Line, entering the New Year and they have become more vicious in the method.

The Pak Jung Hi puppet clique trumped up various fascist evil laws in south Korea and are intensifying armed provocations with added rapidity in the area along the Military Demarcation Line, entering the New Year.

This has made it all the more apparent that such preposterous sophistry as the fictitious "threat of southward aggression from the north," "infiltration" and "dispatch to the south" is a planned and vicious trick to justify the manoeuvres for the provocation of a fratricidal war, which they are stepping up with frenzy.

The Korean People's Army has already served a proper warning to the Pak Jung Hi puppet troops against their provocations intensified of late with rapidity.

The Pak Jung Hi puppet clique must be clearly mindful that if they persist in their reckless provocations, paying no heed to the warning of the Korean People's Army, they will have to pay a due price for their acts.

Armed spy bandits of the Pak Jung Hi puppet clique who were shot dead by the highly vigilant sentinels of the Korean People's Army, while committing armed provocations after intruding into the area of the northern half of the Republic

Armed spies of the Pak Jung Hi puppet clique who were captured alive while committing the armed provocations after intruding into the area of the northern half

◎ According to a recent report from south Korea, a devilish GI of the 83rd ordnance battalion of the 8th army of the U.S. imperialist aggressor troops ran over and killed a Korean passer-by Kim Dok Yong on the spot. It happened when the Yankee was madly driving a military vehicle along the street of Hongun-dong, Sodaemun Ward, Seoul.

The U.S. imperialist aggressor troops who make fun of manslaughter like a pack of wolves perpetrate such atrocities in succession in various parts of south Korea.

◎ Last year the Pak Jung Hi clique, while frantically preparing for a criminal war and intensifying fascist repression, committed such an outrage as to make a clearance of slums leaving a lot of poor inhabitants without shelter.

It is reported that they have decided to pull down this year more than 170,000 shanties of the poor in Seoul alone.

Due to the Pak Jung Hi puppet clique's misrule and clamorous "clearance of unlicensed buildings," nearly 60 per cent of Seoul citizens have no houses worth mentioning but live in small rented rooms, shacks or pup tents only to shiver with cold and hunger.

And yet, the south Korean puppet clique, a band of ruffians, are scheming to leave the poverty-stricken people without a roof by forcibly pulling down even their shanties.

◎ A report from Seoul says that the traitorous Pak Jung Hi puppet clique will again trade off as slaves over 20,000 south Korean people to foreign monopoly capitalists and plantation owners in Australia, Brazil and other countries this year under the pretext of "emigration."

Even according to the extremely curtailed data released by the puppet authorities, they already sold out more than 67,500 south Korean people to foreign countries as slaves under the name of "emigration."

Those south Korean people who were taken to foreign countries are now doing unbearable back-breaking toil, subjected to all kinds of persecution and humiliation by the foreign slave owners.

This notwithstanding, the Pak Jung Hi puppet clique are plotting for a more vicious act of selling off fellow countrymen to foreign countries in order to rake up more money for their war expense and their own pleasure-making.

◎ Entering the New Year, the Pak Jung Hi puppet clique further stepped up the plunder of the people.

According to a report from Seoul, the scoundrels decided to put up water charges by 100 per cent from January 1 and bus fee by 20-30 per cent from January 10 in Seoul.

Besides, they decided to raise the prices of briquet and food of various kinds by 30-50 per cent, entrance fees and "registration-fees" of students by 50 per cent from the beginning of the year.

The south Korean people is now exposed to a greater threat in their living as a result of such plunderage by the Pak Jung Hi puppet clique.

Lethal weapons carried by the armed spy bandits of the Pak Jung Hi puppet clique

Firm Solidarity for the Just Struggle of Arab People

"An appeal to world public opinion concerning the recent development of the crisis in the Middle East" came some time ago to the Central Committee of our Party from the Central Committee of the Arab Socialist Union.

In the appeal, the Arab Socialist Union analyzed historically the aggressive acts of the U.S. imperialists and the Israeli Zionists against the Arab people and called for putting world-wide pressure on the Israeli aggressors to check and foil their criminal intrigues to indefinitely stay on in the Arab territories they occupied.

The U.S. imperialists and their minions, the Israeli aggressors, persist in their aggressive acts against the Arab people and resort to all manner of plots and machinations to perpetuate the occupation of the Arab territories, in defiance of the protest and denunciation of the Arab and world people.

All facts show that the Israeli aggressors have been making efforts in an increasing frenzy to translate their brigandish and expansionist designs into reality and that they have now reached more dangerous stage than ever.

It is under active support of the U.S. imperialists that the Zionists are engrossed in the aggressive acts against the Arab.

The criminal intrigues of the U.S. imperialists and the Israeli aggressors to perpetually stay on in the Arab territories they occupied are an aggressive act against the Arab people and, at the same time, a serious menace to peace and security in the world and a grave challenge to the world progressive people.

Our Party members and people scathingly condemn the criminal design of the Zionists to indefinitely stay on in the Arab territories they illegally occupied with the active backing and aegis of the U.S. imperialists, and voice full support and militant solidarity for the Arab people in their just struggle.

The U.S. imperialists are increasing the supply of lethal weapons to the Israeli aggressors under the signboard of the so-called "military balance" and egging them on to conduct new anti-Arab activities.

Of late, too, the U.S. imperialists have decided to supply a larger number of "Phantom" jet planes to Israel and "modernize" its aggression troops, and clamoured for "closer" relations with the Israeli reactionaries.

U.S. imperialism is the main foe of the national independence and liberation of the Arab people and the prime mover in aggravating the tension in the Middle East.

This notwithstanding, the U.S. imperialists have the cheek to twaddle about "fair solution" and "intermediation" of the question of the Middle East, pretending to be an "apostle of peace."

However, the brigandish and hypocritical nature of U.S. imperialism against the Arab countries has long been revealed.

Comrade Kim Il Sung, the respected and beloved Leader of the entire Korean people, taught as follows:

"The armed struggle of the Arab people against U.S. imperialism and the Israeli aggressors is a just struggle to defend national independence and dignity, restore the occupied Arab territories and accomplish the cause of liberation of the Palestinian people."

The just liberation cause of the Egyptian people and other Arab people enjoys the active support and encouragement of the world people.

The solidarity, support and encouragement of our people for the struggle of the Arab people is invariable.

Our Party and people will in the future, too, as in the past, firmly stand on the side of the Arab people and actively support and encourage the just struggle of the Arab Socialist Union and the Arab people to smash all sorts of aggressive machinations of U.S. imperialism, drive the Israeli aggressors out of the occupied Arab territories, liberate Palestine and defend national dignity and honour.

We believe that the militant friendship and solidarity between our Party and the Arab Socialist Union and between the Korean and Egyptian peoples will be further strengthened and developed in the struggle against the common enemy, U.S. imperialism, and its stooges, and sincerely wish the courageous Egyptian people fresh successes in their struggle.

Crafty Plot of Nixon and Sato to Strengthen Aggressive Tie-up to Get Out of Scrape

Nixon and Sato, a report says, repeatedly had confidential talks at San Clemente, California, from January 6 to 7 and then released a "joint statement."

According to the press conference held by Sato and others concerned before and after the talks and the "joint statement" issued after the talks, Sato and Nixon, bosses of U.S. imperialism and Japanese militarism, discussed at the talks the question of the obtaining "general situation," the "question of Korea" and the question of "security" in Asian region. In the joint statement, the bosses of the U.S. imperialists and the Japanese militarists stressed that the aggressive "U.S.-Japan security system" should be further maintained, claiming that the "maintenance of cooperative relations between the United States and Japan is an indispensable factor for peace and stability in Asia," and Sato was arrogant enough to declare at a press conference that "south Korea and Taiwan remain within the framework of the U.S.-Japan security system."

This shows that the recent talks were an extension of the Nixon-Sato talks held in November 1969 and that the U.S. imperialists and the Japanese militarists who are undergoing serious internal and external crises arranged the confab in an attempt to find a way out of the scrape by strengthening their tie-up along the aggressive line of the "Nixon doctrine."

At present the U.S. imperialists are in a serious political and economic crisis at home and are being completely isolated in the international arena. The Sato group that have steadfastly followed the U.S.-toeing policy are also floundering because of the strife within the ruling circles and the intense anti-government struggle of the broad masses of the people, and are being dealt blows by the powerful anti-imperialist struggle of the Asian people.

In such situation the U.S. and Japanese reactionaries are now trying to get out of the fix by further tightening military and political collusion and intensifying aggression on Asia.

Such black-hearted aim of Nixon and Sato pursued in the joint statement has been fully revealed by the fact that they laid emphasis on the "maintenance" of the "U.S.-Japan security system" at the talks. This patently shows that it still remains the keynote of the Asian policy of the U.S. and Japanese reactionaries to intensify the manoeuvres of aggression and war in Asia.

At the talks, Nixon and Sato "focussed" their attention on the Korean peninsula and had repeated consultations on the so-called question of "defence of south Korea," and in the end they "agreed" upon keeping the U.S. imperialist aggressor forces in south Korea and reiterated that the Japanese militarists should establish a "system" to join the U.S. imperialists in a new war in Korea in case the latter ignite it.

This means, in a nutshell, that the Japanese militarists will plunge themselves into a war of aggression in Korea in case the U.S. imperialists trigger it.

At the press conference Sato tried hard to create the impression that he would "change" his previous stand that "Japan will not remain an onlooker" in case of outbreak of a war in Korea as the "security of south Korea is indispensable for the security of Japan itself."

Sato took pains to make it appear that a wolf has turned into a sheep. But he himself disclosed that the recent talks brought about no "change" in the aggressive line which was discussed in regard to the questions of south Korea and Taiwan at the Nixon-Sato talks in November 1969.

This bespeaks that the Japanese militarists want to stick fast to Sato's bellicose statement of November 1969 that Japan would "quickly and actively cope with" a war in Korea or Taiwan in case the U.S. imperialists unleash it. In fact, Sato glaringly revealed such aggressive designs when he prattled at the press conference that south Korea remains "within the framework of the U.S.-Japan security system."

The so-called question of "defence of south Korea" advocated by the U.S. imperialists and the Japanese militarists is, in the final analysis, nothing but a trick to prop up the tottering colonial fascist terrorist rule of the U.S. imperialists and their minions in south Korea and to provoke another war of aggression in Korea. Talking volubly about the "security" of south Korea and the like, the Sato group wax enthusiastic about the so-called question of "defence of south Korea." This is a revelation of their brigandish attempt to put the aggressor troops of Japan into action as the front-line shock force in place of the U.S. imperialist aggression army on the plea of the "protection" of the Pak Jung Hi puppet clique and launch an armed attack against the northern half of the DPRK, in case the U.S. imperialists ignite a new war in Korea.

If Sato really has the intention to change his attitude towards Korea, he should give up at once all his hostile policies against the Democratic People's Republic of Korea and should abrogate the "U.S.-Japan security pact" and, at the same time, repeal immediately the criminal "south Korea-Japan treaty" he rigged up with the Pak Jung Hi clique.

We cannot overlook the fact that the Sato group are now behaving as an arrogant "protector" in relation with south Korea, making no secret of its aggressive designs against our country.

When working out with Nixon a joint aggressive strategy against Korea this time, Sato styled himself a "protector" of south Korea and busied himself explaining to Nixon the "situation of south Korea placed in difficulties" and conveying the "entreaty" of the Pak Jung Hi clique for "rescue."

By professing himself to be a "protector" of south Korea, Eisaku Sato reminds us of the past days when Hirobumi Ito acted as the "resident-general."

But the Japanese militarists headed by Sato should clearly realize that the Korean people today are not the Korean people yesterday.

Our people will never tolerate the criminal schemes of the Japanese militarists who are leaving no stone unturned to realize their aggressive designs against our country at the instigation of the U.S. imperialists.

The Nixon and Sato cliques made it clear at the talks that they would continue to maintain the "treaty relations" with Taiwan.

The Sato group stated again that Taiwan "does not fall out of the framework of the U.S.-Japan security system." This is meant to continue to maintain the Japan-Chiang Kai-shek treaty. It reveals their wild ambition for territorial expansion toward Taiwan.

At the talks, Sato and Nixon "agreed" upon "returning" the "administrative rights" over Okinawa to Japan on May 15, but the U.S. imperialists did not give assurances that the nuclear arms would be "removed" from Okinawa. The U.S. and Japanese aggressors scheme to reduce the mainland of Japan, too, to a nuclear base and war base of the U.S. imperialists and convert Okinawa into a joint military base of the United States and Japan through the "Okinawa reversion" fraud so as to intensify joint military actions particularly in south Korea and Taiwan areas.

At the talks, Sato did not hesitate to sacrifice the interests of the Japanese people in an effort to achieve the aggressive aim of the Japanese militarists.

The foolhardy intrigues of the U.S. imperialists and Japanese militarists for aggression and war constitute a menace to peace and security in Asia.

Comrade Kim Il Sung, the respected and beloved Leader, said:

"All the peace-loving peoples of the world must further intensify the struggle against Japanese militarism and foil its aggressive ambitions by concerted action, while struggling against U.S. imperialism." ("Report on the Work of the Central Committee to the Fifth Congress of the Workers' Party of Korea," p. 103-104.)

The U.S. imperialists must get out of south Korea and all other parts of Asia at once and the Japanese militarists give up their reinvasion schemes against south Korea and Asia.

If the U.S. imperialists and the Japanese militarists, defying the warnings of the Korean and Asian peoples, keep following the course of reckless aggression, they will only suffer an ignominious defeat.

Republic of Chad Marks 12th Anniversary of Its Independence

January 11 is the anniversary of national independence the people of the Republic of Chad won by abolishing French imperialist colonial rule.

The Korean people extend congratulations to the people of Chad greeting the 12th anniversary of their independence.

Independence of the Republic of Chad opened a new path for the people of this country in their struggle to create a new life and build an independent sovereign state.

Since independence the people of Chad have scored a number of successes in their struggle for eradicating the vicious aftermaths of the colonial rule and consolidating the national independence.

The Government of Chad, following the line of "Africanizing the economy," expelled foreigners from the state administrative and economic organs and took a series of measures for the development of agriculture and industry.

The agricultural production increased, and a great progress was made in the struggle for the development of industry.

The people of Chad built many factories and enterprises such as oil refinery and cotton ginning factory by their own efforts.

Development was made also in the domains of education and culture of this country, and road construction was pushed forward vigorously.

The people of Chad support the Asian and African peoples in their struggle for national independence and liberation against imperialism and colonialism.

The Korean people heartily congratulate the people of Chad on all the successes attained after independence, and actively support their just struggle.

Korea and Chad, though separated far from each other geographically, are closely linked together because they have a community of the past position of being colonial slavery and because they wage the joint struggle against imperialism.

The people of Chad support the just struggle of our people for driving U.S. imperialism out of south Korea and reunifying the country independently.

Comrade Kim Il Sung, the respected and beloved Leader of the entire Korean people, pointed out:

"We will always stand firm by the peoples of all countries fighting for peace, national independence, democracy and social progress and endeavour untiringly to strengthen solidarity with them." ("Let Us Promote the World Revolution, Holding High the Banner of Marxism-Leninism and Proletarian Internationalism, the Banner of Anti-Imperialist, Anti-U.S. Struggle," p. 169.)

Our people, who value the friendship and solidarity between the peoples of the two countries, Korea and Chad, wish the people of Chad greater victory in their future struggle against U.S.-led imperialism and colonialism and for the consolidation of national independence and prosperity of the country.

War Trumpeting of War-maniac Nixon Revealing His Brigandish Nature from the Outset of New Year

Nixon, the warlike boss of U.S. imperialism, in his long harangue on home and foreign problems at the "nation-wide television interview" January 2, vociferously raved that the U.S. imperialists will "maintain the right to resume bombing raids" on North Viet Nam, will not withdraw the U.S. imperialist aggressor forces from South Viet Nam and Taiwan, will oppose Cuba and support the Israeli aggressors, according to foreign reports.

While blowing his powder-reeking trumpet, Nixon the rascal did not forget to veil it with the words "peace" and "negotiations."

But the words "peace" and "negotiations" are only a cliche used by the U.S. imperialist aggressors to whitewash their aggressive nature and a stupid, transparent lie.

Nixon's poppycock once again clearly showed that his "peace strategy" is precisely a war strategy in an inverted form.

Comrade Kim Il Sung, the respected and beloved Leader, taught:

"The signboard of 'peace' put up by the U.S. imperialists is nothing but a screen to mislead people. Nixon is a rascal more vicious and crafty than anyone else."

Nixon croaked that the U.S. imperialists would "bomb" North Viet Nam "as long as American prisoners of war remain there" and there can never be a "total withdrawal" of the U.S. imperialist aggressor forces from South Viet Nam. This is a brigandish raving which can be made only by such shameless rascal as Nixon.

As for "American prisoners" Nixon the rascal spoke of, it is a question caused entirely by the U.S. imperialists' policies of aggression and war against the Democratic Republic of Viet Nam. Had the U.S. imperialists not bombed the Democratic Republic of Viet Nam, there would not have been the "question of prisoners" from the beginning.

Nevertheless, Nixon brought out the "question of American prisoners" in an attempt to use it as a pretext for the U.S. imperialists' continued bombing raids on North Viet Nam and refusal to withdraw their aggressor forces from South Viet Nam. This only shows the intention of the U.S. imperialists to persist in their hostile acts against the Democratic Republic of Viet Nam and indefinitely occupy South Viet Nam as their colony and military base.

Nixon the rascal twaddled about "threat" and "violation" from the north. This is also nothing but a shameless sophistry designed to invent by all means a pretext for expanding the war of aggression in South Viet Nam.

Nixon's harangue exposed that an "end to the war" in Viet Nam, "withdrawal of U.S. troops" and "peaceful solution of the Viet Nam question" on the lips of the U.S. imperialists, are, after all, a sheer lie for misleading the unbiased world public opinion.

In his jargon Nixon the rascal challenged the Chinese people, palavering that the "United States will continue its defence agreement with Taiwan."

This impudent utterance of Nixon the rascal disclosed the wicked design of the U.S. imperialists to occupy indefinitely Taiwan Province, an inalienable part of the sacred territory of the People's Republic of China, and obdurately pursue the long-bankrupt "two Chinas" scheme.

Nixon undisguisedly revealed his hostility to Cuba, blatantly announcing the U.S. imperialists' persistence in the criminal anti-Cuba schemes. On the pretext of maintaining the so-called "balances of forces" in the Middle East, Nixon openly revealed his intention to supply the Israeli aggressors with more lethal weapons including "Phantom" fighter-bombers, further key up the Middle East tension and ignite a war against the Arab people.

In a nutshell, Nixon the rascal unscrupulously disclosed his black-hearted intention to more viciously step up the manoeuvres for aggression and war under the mask of "peace" this year, too, to find a way out.

With no desperate machination, however, can the U.S. imperialists cover up their brigandish nature or save themselves from the doom which has long been sealed off.

Pak Jung Hi Puppet Clique Scheme to Build "Concentrated Hamlets" for Intensified Repression of Rural Population

The Pak Jung Hi puppet clique are contemplating to set up this year "model villages by concentrating scattered peasant houses" in various rural areas of south Korea and build more than 5,000 of them within a few years to come with these villages as a standard, according to a report from Seoul.

By establishing this medieval "collective watch system" and forcing the peasants into them, the puppet gang schemes to intensify the repression of the rural population opposed to them and sever the ties of the rural villagers with the outside world, supervising and controlling their movements more easily, and keep them from revolutionary influence.

The Pak Jung Hi puppet clique proclaimed a "state of emergency" and cooked up a "special law on measures for national security" to "legalize" it, an evil law containing clauses on depriving the people even of the freedom of residence and movement. The "concentrated hamlet" system in the countryside is directly linked with this move of the enemy and is part of the plots to intensify wholesale repression of the people on the pretext of an "emergency situation."

Economic Infiltration of Japanese Militarists into Africa

The respected and beloved Leader, Comrade Kim Il Sung, taught as follows:

"With a foul ambition for overseas expansion the Japanese reactionaries are now bustling about as they please in all parts of the world with impunity, under the cloak of 'peace' and 'helper,' and intensifying their economic and cultural infiltration into countries in Southeast Asia, the Near and Middle East, Africa and Latin America."

Today the Japanese reactionaries are intensifying their economic infiltration into Africa under the cloak of "peace" and "helper."

At a "news conference" some time ago Japanese prime minister Sato hammered away the poppycock that "I am greatly concerned about economic aid to African countries." This jargon of Sato the rascal, reveals with added clarity the black-hearted intention of the Japanese reactionaries to step up their economic infiltration into Africa.

The Japanese reactionaries are trumping up various kinds of new aggressive "tools" for economic infiltration into African countries.

The Japanese militarists are setting up "branch banks" and "technical cooperation centres" in various parts of Africa to pave the way for their economic infiltration.

This clearly shows the Japanese militarists are working hard to lay a foothold for their economic infiltration into African countries.

What holds a big place in the economic infiltration of the Japanese reactionaries into Africa is "export of capital" to this region.

The Japanese reactionaries are cunningly using the form of "joint enterprise" for increasing "investment" in Africa and, through it, are plundering African countries of oil and other resources.

Under the pretext of "prospecting and developing" the rich oil resources the reactionary monopolies of Japan built up "joint enterprises" in some African countries, and are shipping away the overwhelming portion of crude petroleum to Japan, handing over only a tiny portion of it to those countries. Recently the Japanese reactionaries started "surveying" the oil resources in Cameroons, Gabon and other countries by use of such trick.

Under the unctuous signboard of "joint development" the Japanese reactionaries are pillaging Africa of not only oil but also important mineral ores. The Japanese reactionaries set up the "Sobomk" mining company in cooperation with Jair reactionaries under the name of "common ownership" and are developing a copper mine in Kisenda of Jair and invested tens of millions of dollars in many other mines around it. In this way the Japanese monopolies are despoiling Africa of the greater part of copper needed for themselves.

The Japanese monopolies are building roads and railways on an extensive scale in African countries for their infiltration into these countries and pillage of natural resources.

This clearly shows how zealously the Japanese reactionaries are intensifying their economic infiltration into Africa and plunder of natural resources there.

The Japanese reactionaries are speeding up their infiltration into Africa also by means of "loan." With "loans" the Japanese monopolies plan to build petro-chemical factories, cotton goods factories and oil refineries in western Africa and set up a network of wireless communication lines linking the countries in this region to get a huge profit.

Especially, the Japanese militarists are concentrating efforts on pillaging strategic materials through the economic infiltration into Africa. The scoundrels have dispatched many "natural resources investigation groups" to Africa with a view to plundering uranium, bauxite and nickel.

The Japanese reactionaries imported 54 million pounds worth uranium ore from South Africa and are hard at work to "develop" new uranium ore mines in Niger and other countries.

The Japanese militarists are intensifying the economic infiltration into Africa and plunder also by dumping their surplus goods, claiming a "privilege" and non-equivalent exchange in trade.

To seize the economic arteries of African countries the Japanese reactionaries are now building "branch offices" in these countries, forcing them to use "Japanese yen" as "authorized currency" and setting up "sister companies" there.

Along with direct economic infiltration, the Japanese reactionaries are trying to create an illusion about Japanese militarism and facilitate their economic infiltration by means of "technical assistance," "scientific interchange" and exchange of various "delegations." They have already dispatched numerous "overseas youth service corps" and "technical advisers," feelers of overseas aggression, to various African countries under the name of "technical introduction" and "training of technicians."

By using these various means, the reactionary government of Japan tries to create an illusion about Japanese militarism among the African people and pave the way for its full-scale infiltration into this region.

The Japanese militarists, while stepping up their all-out economic infiltration, are craftily scheming to stamp out the national liberation struggle of the peoples of this region and disorganize their anti-imperialist front.

In this way, the Japanese reactionaries are today speeding up their economic infiltration into Africa, donning the mask of "helper" in a sinister attempt to subjugate the countries of this region.

The African people and all the peace-loving people the world over should resolutely struggle against the overseas economic aggression of the Japanese militarists stepped up under the signboard of "aid."

Today the anti-Japanese sentiments are running ever higher among awakened African people.

Through their active struggle against the infiltration and plunder by the Japanese militarists as well as the U.S. imperialists, the African people will surely chop off the crooked talons of aggression stretched out by Japanese militarism to this region.

Ryu Gi Dam

Japanese Militarists' Criminal Scheme to Infiltrate into South Korean Railways and Step Up Militarization of Its Economy

An "agreement" on contracting a "loan" amounting to 80 million dollars for the south Korean railways was signed in Seoul on December 30 between the Japanese "ambassador" to south Korea, a villain, and the Pak Jung Hi puppet clique, according to a report from Seoul.

This "loan" with aggressive strings attached is to be chiefly consumed in the militarization of the railways with Seoul as the centre.

The Japanese militarists who, revived under the aegis of the U.S. imperialists, have embarked upon the road of overseas expansion in real earnest are openly perpetrating economic invasion along with political and military aggression on south Korea, conducted by the Pak Jung Hi puppet clique, their hand-raised stooge, in a foolish attempt to realize their old dream of "Greater East Asia Co-Prosperity Sphere." The Japanese militarists who act as a "shock force" for Asian aggression in accordance with the notorious "new Asia policy" of the U.S. imperialists are hard at work to increase military and economic potentials, concentrating 80 per cent of monopoly capital invested in south Korea particularly on railway, road, harbour and communication networks and other industrial domains which are of military bearings.

The scoundrels had carried out a number of "investigations" by sending their servants for aggression under the cloak of "survey group" as part of these criminal moves and concluded this time the above aggressive "loan agreement" to further step up the militarization of the south Korean railways.

Criminal Plot of Pak Jung Hi Puppet Clique to Intensify Fascist Military Education among South Korean Students

The puppet ministry of education of south Korea trumped up a reactionary "guiding principle of military education" on the pretext of "conducting practical education for contributing to the state of emergency" and issued it to the city and provincial "educational committees" on January 4, according to a report from Seoul.

The military hooligans raved in it that military education should be an "education mainly for actual battle" in an attempt to further intensify the training in shooting, chemical and bacteriological weapons, atomic weapons and so forth.

This is an unpardonable challenge to the south Korean students who had fought for a long time against campus militarization and fascistization, refusing to become disgraceful cannon fodder of U.S. imperialism.

Through this the scoundrels try to turn the south Korean schools more completely into a military drill ground and cannon fodder supply base, put down the struggle of the students against fascism and for democracy and train them as docile bullet shields.

The Pak Jung Hi puppet clique, frightened by the mounting struggle of the south Korean students against fascism and for democracy, proclaimed the conspiratorial "state of emergency" and are running wild particularly in intensifying military education to attain their dirty aim.

From the day following the proclamation of the "state of emergency" the Pak Jung Hi puppet clique instructed the south Korean schools of all levels to "include the anti-air raid training in the regular educational programme" and frequently drove out the students in the training, and feverishly stepped up the scheme to turn "education" in the schools of all levels into an "emergency education" under a "semi-war system" with the so-called "security", "anti-communism," "military drill" and "anti-air raid training" as the main content.

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